

GigaDevice Semiconductor Inc.

GD32F303xx

ARM[®] Cortex[®]-M4 32-bit MCU

Datasheet

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1. General description

The GD32F303xx device belongs to the mainstream line of GD32 MCU Family. It is a new 32-bit general-purpose microcontroller based on the ARM® Cortex®-M4 RISC core with best cost-performance ratio in terms of enhanced processing capacity, reduced power consumption and peripheral set. The Cortex®-M4 core features implements a full set of DSP instructions to address digital signal control markets that demand an efficient, easy-to-use blend of control and signal processing capabilities. It also provides a Memory Protection Unit (MPU) and powerful trace technology for enhanced application security and advanced debug support.

The GD32F303xx device incorporates the ARM® Cortex®-M4 32-bit processor core operating at 120 MHz frequency with Flash accesses zero wait states to obtain maximum efficiency. It provides up to 3072 KB on-chip Flash memory and 96 KB SRAM memory. An extensive range of enhanced I/Os and peripherals connected to two APB buses. The devices offer up to three 12-bit 2.6 MSPS ADCs, two 12-bit DACs, up to ten general 16-bit timers, two 16-bit PWM advanced timers, and two 16-bit basic timers, as well as standard and advanced communication interfaces: up to three SPIs, two I2Cs, three USARTs and two UARTs, two I2Ss, a USB, a CAN and a SDIO.

The device operates from a 2.6 to 3.6 V power supply and available in (–20 to +85 °C) / (–40 to +85 °C) / (–40 to +105 °C) temperature range. Several power saving modes provide the flexibility for maximum optimization between wakeup latency and power consumption, an especially important consideration in low power applications.

The above features make GD32F303xx devices suitable for a wide range of interconnection and advanced applications, especially in areas such as industrial control, motor drives, consumer and handheld equipment, human machine interface, security and alarm systems, POS, automotive navigation, IoT and so on.



2. Device overview

2.1. Device information

Table 2-1. GD32F303xx devices features and peripheral list

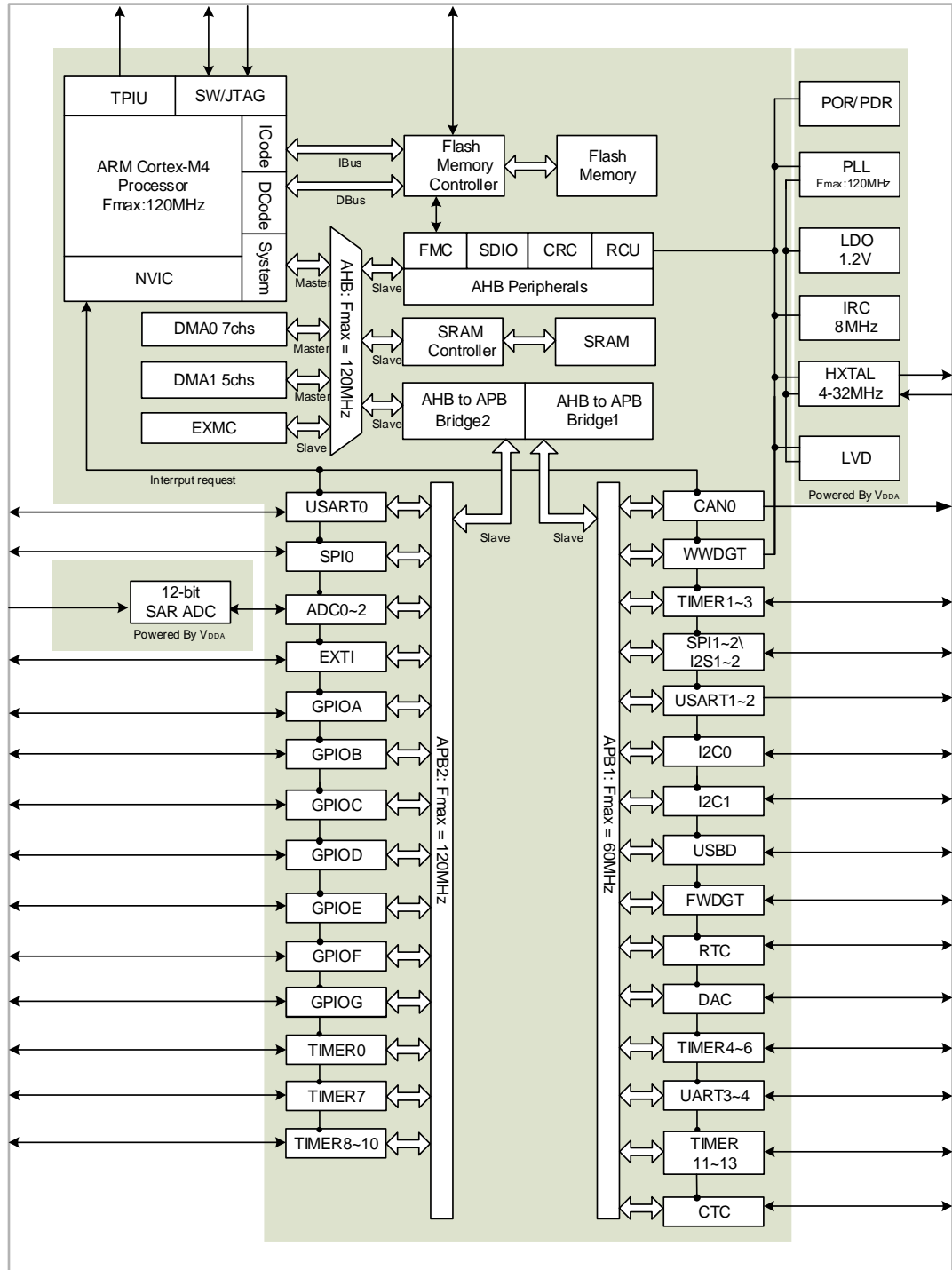
Part Number		GD32F303xx							
		CC	CE	CG	RC	RE	RG	RI	RK
Flash	Code area (KB)	256	256	256	256	256	256	256	256
	Data area (KB)	0	256	768	0	256	768	1792	2816
	Total (KB)	256	512	1024	256	512	1024	2048	3072
SRAM (KB)		48	64	96	48	64	96	96	96
Timers	General timer(16-bit)	4 <small>(1-4)</small>	4 <small>(1-4)</small>	10 <small>(1-4,8-13)</small>	4 <small>(1-4)</small>	4 <small>(1-4)</small>	10 <small>(1-4,8-13)</small>	10 <small>(1-4,8-13)</small>	10 <small>(1-4,8-13)</small>
	Advanced timer(16-bit)	1 <small>(0)</small>	1 <small>(0)</small>	1 <small>(0)</small>	2 <small>(0,7)</small>	2 <small>(0,7)</small>	2 <small>(0,7)</small>	2 <small>(0,7)</small>	2 <small>(0,7)</small>
	Basic timer(16-bit)	2 <small>(5-6)</small>	2 <small>(5-6)</small>	2 <small>(5-6)</small>	2 <small>(5-6)</small>	2 <small>(5-6)</small>	2 <small>(5-6)</small>	2 <small>(5-6)</small>	2 <small>(5-6)</small>
	SysTick	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Watchdog	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
	RTC	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Connectivity	USART	3 <small>(0-2)</small>	3 <small>(0-2)</small>	3 <small>(0-2)</small>	3 <small>(0-2)</small>	3 <small>(0-2)</small>	3 <small>(0-2)</small>	3 <small>(0-2)</small>	3 <small>(0-2)</small>
	UART	0	0	0	2 <small>(3-4)</small>	2 <small>(3-4)</small>	2 <small>(3-4)</small>	2 <small>(3-4)</small>	2 <small>(3-4)</small>
	I2C	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
	SPI/I2S	3/2 <small>(0-2)/(1-2)</small>	3/2 <small>(0-2)/(1-2)</small>	3/2 <small>(0-2)/(1-2)</small>	3/2 <small>(0-2)/(1-2)</small>	3/2 <small>(0-2)/(1-2)</small>	3/2 <small>(0-2)/(1-2)</small>	3/2 <small>(0-2)/(1-2)</small>	3/2 <small>(0-2)/(1-2)</small>
	SDIO	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1
	CAN	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
USB	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	
GPIO		37	37	37	51	51	51	51	51
EXMC		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
EXTI		16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16
ADC Unit (CHs)		3(10)	3(10)	3(10)	3(16)	3(16)	3(16)	3(16)	3(16)
DAC		2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Package		LQFP48			LQFP64				

Table 2-2. GD32F303xx devices features and peripheral list (Cont.)

Part Number		GD32F303xx									
		VC	VE	VG	VI	VK	ZC	ZE	ZG	ZI	ZK
Flash	Code area (KB)	256	256	256	256	256	256	256	256	256	256
	Data area (KB)	0	256	768	1792	2816	0	256	768	1792	2816
	Total (KB)	256	512	1024	2048	3072	256	512	1024	2048	3072
SRAM (KB)		48	64	96	96	96	48	64	96	96	96
Timers	General timer(16-bit)	4 <small>(1-4)</small>	4 <small>(1-4)</small>	10 <small>(1-4,8-13)</small>	10 <small>(1-4,8-13)</small>	10 <small>(1-4,8-13)</small>	4 <small>(1-4)</small>	4 <small>(1-4)</small>	10 <small>(1-4,8-13)</small>	10 <small>(1-4,8-13)</small>	10 <small>(1-4,8-13)</small>
	Advanced timer(16-bit)	2 <small>(0,7)</small>	2 <small>(0,7)</small>	2 <small>(0,7)</small>	2 <small>(0,7)</small>	2 <small>(0,7)</small>	2 <small>(0,7)</small>	2 <small>(0,7)</small>	2 <small>(0,7)</small>	2 <small>(0,7)</small>	2 <small>(0,7)</small>
	Basic timer(16-bit)	2 <small>(5-6)</small>	2 <small>(5-6)</small>	2 <small>(5-6)</small>	2 <small>(5-6)</small>	2 <small>(5-6)</small>	2 <small>(5-6)</small>	2 <small>(5-6)</small>	2 <small>(5-6)</small>	2 <small>(5-6)</small>	2 <small>(5-6)</small>
	SysTick	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Watchdog	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
	RTC	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	USART		3 <small>(0-2)</small>	3 <small>(0-2)</small>	3 <small>(0-2)</small>	3 <small>(0-2)</small>	3 <small>(0-2)</small>	3 <small>(0-2)</small>	3 <small>(0-2)</small>	3 <small>(0-2)</small>	3 <small>(0-2)</small>
UART		2 <small>(3-4)</small>	2 <small>(3-4)</small>	2 <small>(3-4)</small>	2 <small>(3-4)</small>	2 <small>(3-4)</small>	2 <small>(3-4)</small>	2 <small>(3-4)</small>	2 <small>(3-4)</small>	2 <small>(3-4)</small>	2 <small>(3-4)</small>
I2C		2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
SPI/I2S		3/2 <small>(0-2)/(1-2)</small>	3/2 <small>(0-2)/(1-2)</small>	3/2 <small>(0-2)/(1-2)</small>	3/2 <small>(0-2)/(1-2)</small>	3/2 <small>(0-2)/(1-2)</small>	3/2 <small>(0-2)/(1-2)</small>	3/2 <small>(0-2)/(1-2)</small>	3/2 <small>(0-2)/(1-2)</small>	3/2 <small>(0-2)/(1-2)</small>	3/2 <small>(0-2)/(1-2)</small>
SDIO		1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
CAN		1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
USBD		1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
GPIO		80	80	80	80	80	112	112	112	112	112
EXMC		1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
EXTI		16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16
ADC Unit (CHs)		3(16)	3(16)	3(16)	3(16)	3(16)	3(21)	3(21)	3(21)	3(21)	3(21)
DAC		2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Package		LQFP100					LQFP144				

2.2. Block diagram

Figure 2-1. GD32F303xx block diagram



2.3. Pinouts and pin assignment

Figure 2-2. GD32F303Zx LQFP144 pinouts



Figure 2-3. GD32F303Vx LQFP100 pinouts

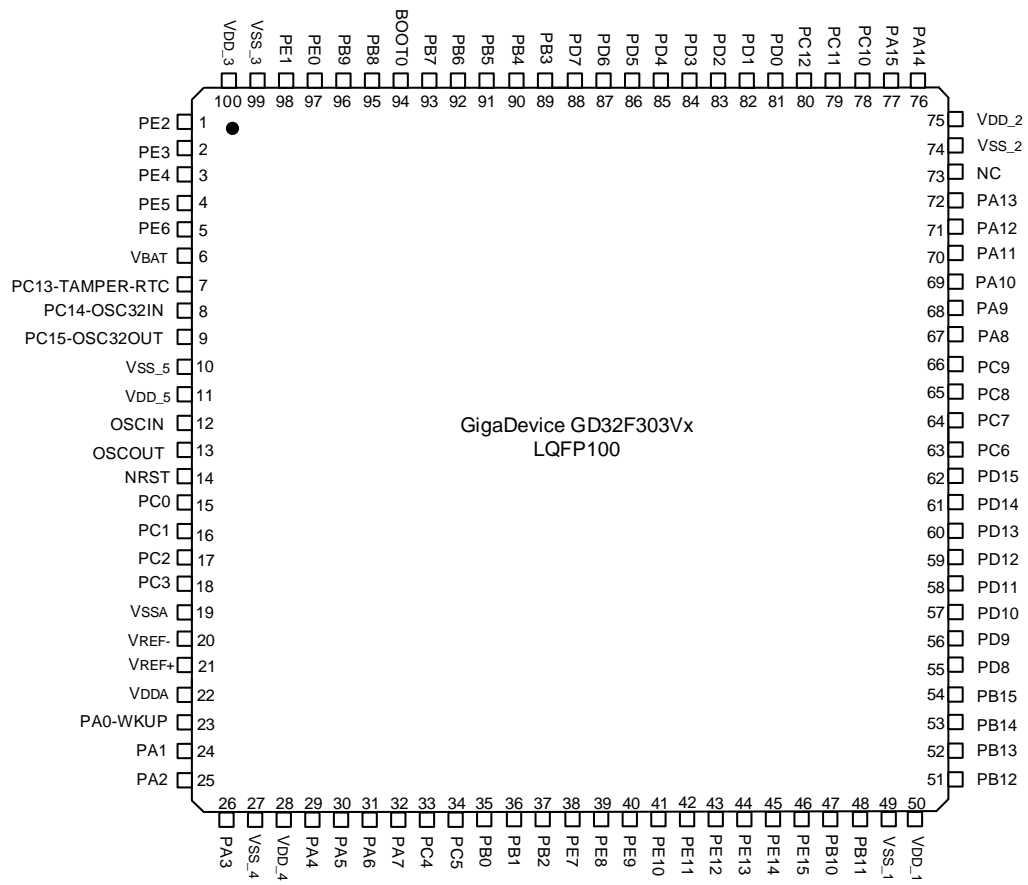


Figure 2-4. GD32F303Rx LQFP64 pinouts

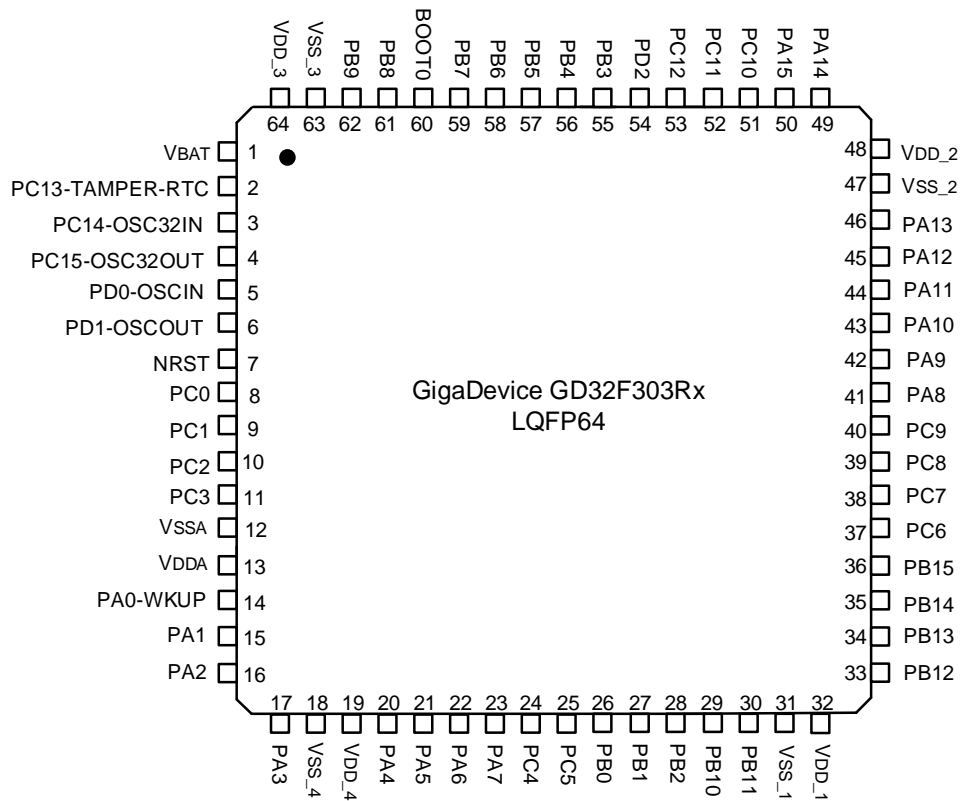
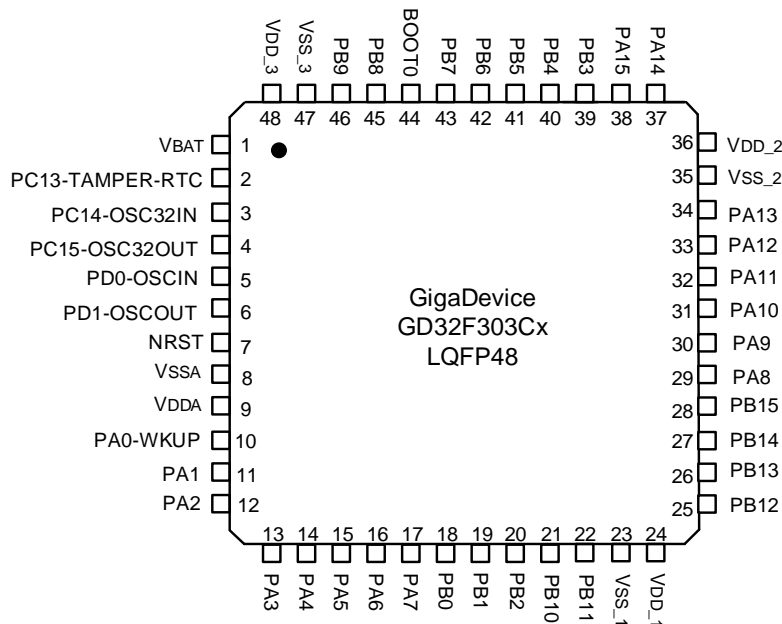


Figure 2-5. GD32F303Cx LQFP48 pinouts



2.4. Memory map

Table 2-3. GD32F303xx memory map

Pre-defined Regions	Bus	Address	Peripherals
External device	AHB3	0xA000 0000 - 0xA000 0FFF	EXMC - SWREG
External RAM		0x9000 0000 - 0x9FFF FFFF	EXMC - PC CARD
		0x7000 0000 - 0x8FFF FFFF	EXMC - NAND
		0x6000 0000 - 0x6FFF FFFF	EXMC - NOR/PSRAM/SRAM
Peripheral	AHB1	0x5000 0000 - 0x5003 FFFF	Reserved
		0x4008 0000 - 0x4FFF FFFF	Reserved
		0x4004 0000 - 0x4007 FFFF	Reserved
		0x4002 BC00 - 0x4003 FFFF	Reserved
		0x4002 B000 - 0x4002 BBFF	Reserved
		0x4002 A000 - 0x4002 AFFF	Reserved
		0x4002 8000 - 0x4002 9FFF	Reserved
		0x4002 6800 - 0x4002 7FFF	Reserved
		0x4002 6400 - 0x4002 67FF	Reserved
		0x4002 6000 - 0x4002 63FF	Reserved
		0x4002 5000 - 0x4002 5FFF	Reserved
		0x4002 4000 - 0x4002 4FFF	Reserved
		0x4002 3C00 - 0x4002 3FFF	Reserved
		0x4002 3800 - 0x4002 3BFF	Reserved
		0x4002 3400 - 0x4002 37FF	Reserved
		0x4002 3000 - 0x4002 33FF	CRC
		0x4002 2C00 - 0x4002 2FFF	Reserved
		0x4002 2800 - 0x4002 2BFF	Reserved
		0x4002 2400 - 0x4002 27FF	Reserved
		0x4002 2000 - 0x4002 23FF	FMC
		0x4002 1C00 - 0x4002 1FFF	Reserved
		0x4002 1800 - 0x4002 1BFF	Reserved
		0x4002 1400 - 0x4002 17FF	Reserved
		0x4002 1000 - 0x4002 13FF	RCU
		0x4002 0C00 - 0x4002 0FFF	Reserved
		0x4002 0800 - 0x4002 0BFF	Reserved
		0x4002 0400 - 0x4002 07FF	DMA1
		0x4002 0000 - 0x4002 03FF	DMA0
	0x4001 8400 - 0x4001 FFFF	Reserved	
	0x4001 8000 - 0x4001 83FF	SDIO	
	APB2	0x4001 7C00 - 0x4001 7FFF	Reserved
		0x4001 7800 - 0x4001 7BFF	Reserved
		0x4001 7400 - 0x4001 77FF	Reserved

Pre-defined Regions	Bus	Address	Peripherals	
		0x4001 7000 - 0x4001 73FF	Reserved	
		0x4001 6C00 - 0x4001 6FFF	Reserved	
		0x4001 6800 - 0x4001 6BFF	Reserved	
		0x4001 5C00 - 0x4001 67FF	Reserved	
		0x4001 5800 - 0x4001 5BFF	Reserved	
		0x4001 5400 - 0x4001 57FF	TIMER10	
		0x4001 5000 - 0x4001 53FF	TIMER9	
		0x4001 4C00 - 0x4001 4FFF	TIMER8	
		0x4001 4800 - 0x4001 4BFF	Reserved	
		0x4001 4400 - 0x4001 47FF	Reserved	
		0x4001 4000 - 0x4001 43FF	Reserved	
		0x4001 3C00 - 0x4001 3FFF	ADC2	
		0x4001 3800 - 0x4001 3BFF	USART0	
		0x4001 3400 - 0x4001 37FF	TIMER7	
		0x4001 3000 - 0x4001 33FF	SPI0	
		0x4001 2C00 - 0x4001 2FFF	TIMER0	
		0x4001 2800 - 0x4001 2BFF	ADC1	
		0x4001 2400 - 0x4001 27FF	ADC0	
		0x4001 2000 - 0x4001 23FF	GPIOG	
		0x4001 1C00 - 0x4001 1FFF	GPIOF	
		0x4001 1800 - 0x4001 1BFF	GPIOE	
		0x4001 1400 - 0x4001 17FF	GPIOD	
		0x4001 1000 - 0x4001 13FF	GPIOC	
		0x4001 0C00 - 0x4001 0FFF	GPIOB	
	0x4001 0800 - 0x4001 0BFF	GPIOA		
	0x4001 0400 - 0x4001 07FF	EXTI		
	0x4001 0000 - 0x4001 03FF	AFIO		
	APB1		0x4000 CC00 - 0x4000 FFFF	Reserved
			0x4000 C800 - 0x4000 CBFF	CTC
			0x4000 C400 - 0x4000 C7FF	Reserved
			0x4000 C000 - 0x4000 C3FF	Reserved
			0x4000 8000 - 0x4000 BFFF	Reserved
			0x4000 7C00 - 0x4000 7FFF	Reserved
			0x4000 7800 - 0x4000 7BFF	Reserved
0x4000 7400 - 0x4000 77FF			DAC	
0x4000 7000 - 0x4000 73FF			PMU	
0x4000 6C00 - 0x4000 6FFF			BKP	
0x4000 6800 - 0x4000 6BFF	Reserved			
0x4000 6400 - 0x4000 67FF	CAN0			

Pre-defined Regions	Bus	Address	Peripherals
		0x4000 6000 - 0x4000 63FF	Shared USB/D/CAN SRAM 512 bytes
		0x4000 5C00 - 0x4000 5FFF	USB
		0x4000 5800 - 0x4000 5BFF	I2C1
		0x4000 5400 - 0x4000 57FF	I2C0
		0x4000 5000 - 0x4000 53FF	UART4
		0x4000 4C00 - 0x4000 4FFF	UART3
		0x4000 4800 - 0x4000 4BFF	USART2
		0x4000 4400 - 0x4000 47FF	USART1
		0x4000 4000 - 0x4000 43FF	Reserved
		0x4000 3C00 - 0x4000 3FFF	SPI2/I2S2
		0x4000 3800 - 0x4000 3BFF	SPI1/I2S1
		0x4000 3400 - 0x4000 37FF	Reserved
		0x4000 3000 - 0x4000 33FF	FWDGT
		0x4000 2C00 - 0x4000 2FFF	WWDGT
		0x4000 2800 - 0x4000 2BFF	RTC
		0x4000 2400 - 0x4000 27FF	Reserved
		0x4000 2000 - 0x4000 23FF	TIMER13
		0x4000 1C00 - 0x4000 1FFF	TIMER12
		0x4000 1800 - 0x4000 1BFF	TIMER11
		0x4000 1400 - 0x4000 17FF	TIMER6
		0x4000 1000 - 0x4000 13FF	TIMER5
		0x4000 0C00 - 0x4000 0FFF	TIMER4
		0x4000 0800 - 0x4000 0BFF	TIMER3
		0x4000 0400 - 0x4000 07FF	TIMER2
0x4000 0000 - 0x4000 03FF	TIMER1		
SRAM	AHB	0x2007 0000 - 0x3FFF FFFF	Reserved
		0x2006 0000 - 0x2006 FFFF	Reserved
		0x2003 0000 - 0x2005 FFFF	Reserved
		0x2001 8000 - 0x2002 FFFF	Reserved
		0x2000 0000 - 0x2001 7FFF	SRAM
Code	AHB	0x1FFF F810 - 0x1FFF FFFF	Reserved
		0x1FFF F800 - 0x1FFF F80F	Option Bytes
		0x1FFF F000 - 0x1FFF F7FF	Boot loader
		0x1FFF C010 - 0x1FFF EFFF	
		0x1FFF C000 - 0x1FFF C00F	
		0x1FFF B000 - 0x1FFF BFFF	Reserved
		0x1FFF 7A10 - 0x1FFF AFFF	
		0x1FFF 7800 - 0x1FFF 7A0F	
		0x1FFF 0000 - 0x1FFF 77FF	Reserved

Pre-defined Regions	Bus	Address	Peripherals
		0x1FFE C010 - 0x1FFE FFFF	Reserved
		0x1FFE C000 - 0x1FFE C00F	Reserved
		0x1001 0000 - 0x1FFE BFFF	Reserved
		0x1000 0000 - 0x1000 FFFF	Reserved
		0x083C 0000 - 0x0FFF FFFF	Reserved
		0x0830 0000 - 0x083B FFFF	Reserved
		0x0800 0000 - 0x082F FFFF	Main Flash
		0x0030 0000 - 0x07FF FFFF	Reserved
		0x0010 0000 - 0x002F FFFF	Aliased to Main Flash or Boot loader
		0x0002 0000 - 0x000F FFFF	
		0x0000 0000 - 0x0001 FFFF	

2.6. Pin definitions

2.6.1. GD32F303Zx LQFP144 pin definitions

Table 2-4. GD32F303Zx LQFP144 pin definitions

Pin Name	Pins	Pin Type ⁽¹⁾	I/O Level ⁽²⁾	Functions description
PE2	1	I/O	5VT	Default: PE2 Alternate: TRACECK, EXMC_A23
PE3	2	I/O	5VT	Default: PE3 Alternate: TRACED0, EXMC_A19
PE4	3	I/O	5VT	Default: PE4 Alternate: TRACED1, EXMC_A20
PE5	4	I/O	5VT	Default: PE5 Alternate: TRACED2, EXMC_A21 Remap: TIMER8_CH0 ⁽³⁾
PE6	5	I/O	5VT	Default: PE6 Alternate: TRACED3, EXMC_A22 Remap: TIMER8_CH1 ⁽³⁾
V _{BAT}	6	P		Default: V _{BAT}
PC13-TAMPER-RTC	7	I/O		Default: PC13 Alternate: TAMPER-RTC
PC14-OSC32IN	8	I/O		Default: PC14 Alternate: OSC32IN
PC15-OSC32OUT	9	I/O		Default: PC15 Alternate: OSC32OUT
PF0	10	I/O	5VT	Default: PF0 Alternate: EXMC_A0 Remap: CTC_SYNC
PF1	11	I/O	5VT	Default: PF1 Alternate: EXMC_A1
PF2	12	I/O	5VT	Default: PF2 Alternate: EXMC_A2
PF3	13	I/O	5VT	Default: PF3 Alternate: EXMC_A3
PF4	14	I/O	5VT	Default: PF4 Alternate: EXMC_A4
PF5	15	I/O	5VT	Default: PF5 Alternate: EXMC_A5
V _{SS_5}	16	P		Default: V _{SS_5}

Pin Name	Pins	Pin Type ⁽¹⁾	I/O Level ⁽²⁾	Functions description
V _{DD_5}	17	P		Default: V _{DD_5}
PF6	18	I/O		Default: PF6 Alternate: ADC2_IN4, EXMC_NIORD Remap: TIMER9_CH0 ⁽³⁾
PF7	19	I/O		Default: PF7 Alternate: ADC2_IN5, EXMC_NREG Remap: TIMER10_CH0 ⁽³⁾
PF8	20	I/O		Default: PF8 Alternate: ADC2_IN6, EXMC_NIOWR Remap: TIMER12_CH0 ⁽³⁾
PF9	21	I/O		Default: PF9 Alternate: ADC2_IN7, EXMC_CD Remap: TIMER13_CH0 ⁽³⁾
PF10	22	I/O		Default: PF10 Alternate: ADC2_IN8, EXMC_INTR
OSCIN	23	I		Default: OSCIN Remap: PD0
OSCOUT	24	O		Default: OSCOUT Remap: PD1
NRST	25	I/O		Default: NRST
PC0	26	I/O		Default: PC0 Alternate: ADC012_IN10
PC1	27	I/O		Default: PC1 Alternate: ADC012_IN11
PC2	28	I/O		Default: PC2 Alternate: ADC012_IN12
PC3	29	I/O		Default: PC3 Alternate: ADC012_IN13
V _{SSA}	30	P		Default: V _{SSA}
V _{REF-}	31	P		Default: V _{REF-}
V _{REF+}	32	P		Default: V _{REF+}
V _{DDA}	33	P		Default: V _{DDA}
PA0-WKUP	34	I/O		Default: PA0 Alternate: WKUP, USART1_CTS, ADC012_IN0, TIMER1_CH0, TIMER1_ETI, TIMER4_CH0, TIMER7_ETI
PA1	35	I/O		Default: PA1 Alternate: USART1_RTS, ADC012_IN1, TIMER1_CH1, TIMER4_CH1
PA2	36	I/O		Default: PA2 Alternate: USART1_TX, ADC012_IN2, TIMER1_CH2, TIMER4_CH2, TIMER8_CH0 ⁽³⁾ , SPI0_IO2

Pin Name	Pins	Pin Type ⁽¹⁾	I/O Level ⁽²⁾	Functions description
PA3	37	I/O		Default: PA3 Alternate: USART1_RX, ADC012_IN3, TIMER1_CH3, TIMER4_CH3, TIMER8_CH1 ⁽³⁾ , SPI0_IO3
V _{SS_4}	38	P		Default: V _{SS_4}
V _{DD_4}	39	P		Default: V _{DD_4}
PA4	40	I/O		Default: PA4 Alternate: SPI0_NSS, USART1_CK, ADC01_IN4, DAC_OUT0 Remap: SPI2_NSS, I2S2_WS
PA5	41	I/O		Default: PA5 Alternate: SPI0_SCK, ADC01_IN5, DAC_OUT1
PA6	42	I/O		Default: PA6 Alternate: SPI0_MISO, ADC01_IN6, TIMER2_CH0, TIMER7_BRKIN, TIMER12_CH0 ⁽³⁾ Remap: TIMER0_BRKIN
PA7	43	I/O		Default: PA7 Alternate: SPI0_MOSI, ADC01_IN7, TIMER2_CH1, TIMER7_CH0_ON, TIMER13_CH0 ⁽³⁾ Remap: TIMER0_CH0_ON
PC4	44	I/O		Default: PC4 Alternate: ADC01_IN14
PC5	45	I/O		Default: PC5 Alternate: ADC01_IN15
PB0	46	I/O		Default: PB0 Alternate: ADC01_IN8, TIMER2_CH2, TIMER7_CH1_ON Remap: TIMER0_CH1_ON
PB1	47	I/O		Default: PB1 Alternate: ADC01_IN9, TIMER2_CH3, TIMER7_CH2_ON Remap: TIMER0_CH2_ON
PB2	48	I/O	5VT	Default: PB2, BOOT1
PF11	49	I/O	5VT	Default: PF11 Alternate: EXMC_NIOS16
PF12	50	I/O	5VT	Default: PF12 Alternate: EXMC_A6
V _{SS_6}	51	P		Default: V _{SS_6}
V _{DD_6}	52	P		Default: V _{DD_6}
PF13	53	I/O	5VT	Default: PF13 Alternate: EXMC_A7
PF14	54	I/O	5VT	Default: PF14 Alternate: EXMC_A8

Pin Name	Pins	Pin Type ⁽¹⁾	I/O Level ⁽²⁾	Functions description
PF15	55	I/O	5VT	Default: PF15 Alternate: EXMC_A9
PG0	56	I/O	5VT	Default: PG0 Alternate: EXMC_A10
PG1	57	I/O	5VT	Default: PG1 Alternate: EXMC_A11
PE7	58	I/O	5VT	Default: PE7 Alternate: EXMC_D4 Remap: TIMER0_ETI
PE8	59	I/O	5VT	Default: PE8 Alternate: EXMC_D5 Remap: TIMER0_CH0_ON
PE9	60	I/O	5VT	Default: PE9 Alternate: EXMC_D6 Remap: TIMER0_CH0
V _{SS_7}	61	P		Default: V _{SS_7}
V _{DD_7}	62	P		Default: V _{DD_7}
PE10	63	I/O	5VT	Default: PE10 Alternate: EXMC_D7 Remap: TIMER0_CH1_ON
PE11	64	I/O	5VT	Default: PE11 Alternate: EXMC_D8 Remap: TIMER0_CH1
PE12	65	I/O	5VT	Default: PE12 Alternate: EXMC_D9 Remap: TIMER0_CH2_ON
PE13	66	I/O	5VT	Default: PE13 Alternate: EXMC_D10 Remap: TIMER0_CH2
PE14	67	I/O	5VT	Default: PE14 Alternate: EXMC_D11 Remap: TIMER0_CH3
PE15	68	I/O	5VT	Default: PE15 Alternate: EXMC_D12 Remap: TIMER0_BRKIN
PB10	69	I/O	5VT	Default: PB10 Alternate: I2C1_SCL, USART2_TX Remap: TIMER1_CH2
PB11	70	I/O	5VT	Default: PB11 Alternate: I2C1_SDA, USART2_RX Remap: TIMER1_CH3
V _{SS_1}	71	P		Default: V _{SS_1}
V _{DD_1}	72	P		Default: V _{DD_1}

Pin Name	Pins	Pin Type ⁽¹⁾	I/O Level ⁽²⁾	Functions description
PB12	73	I/O	5VT	Default: PB12 Alternate: SPI1_NSS, I2C1_SMBA, USART2_CK, TIMER0_BRKIN, I2S1_WS
PB13	74	I/O	5VT	Default: PB13 Alternate: SPI1_SCK, USART2_CTS, TIMER0_CH0_ON, I2S1_CK
PB14	75	I/O	5VT	Default: PB14 Alternate: SPI1_MISO, USART2_RTS, TIMER0_CH1_ON, TIMER11_CH0 ⁽³⁾
PB15	76	I/O	5VT	Default: PB15 Alternate: SPI1_MOSI, TIMER0_CH2_ON, I2S1_SD, TIMER11_CH1 ⁽³⁾
PD8	77	I/O	5VT	Default: PD8 Alternate: EXMC_D13 Remap: USART2_TX
PD9	78	I/O	5VT	Default: PD9 Alternate: EXMC_D14 Remap: USART2_RX
PD10	79	I/O	5VT	Default: PD10 Alternate: EXMC_D15 Remap: USART2_CK
PD11	80	I/O	5VT	Default: PD11 Alternate: EXMC_A16 Remap: USART2_CTS
PD12	81	I/O	5VT	Default: PD12 Alternate: EXMC_A17 Remap: TIMER3_CH0, USART2_RTS
PD13	82	I/O	5VT	Default: PD13 Alternate: EXMC_A18 Remap: TIMER3_CH1
V _{SS_8}	83	P		Default: V _{SS_8}
V _{DD_8}	84	P		Default: V _{DD_8}
PD14	85	I/O	5VT	Default: PD14 Alternate: EXMC_D0 Remap: TIMER3_CH2
PD15	86	I/O	5VT	Default: PD15 Alternate: EXMC_D1 Remap: TIMER3_CH3, CTC_SYNC
PG2	87	I/O	5VT	Default: PG2 Alternate: EXMC_A12
PG3	88	I/O	5VT	Default: PG3 Alternate: EXMC_A13
PG4	89	I/O	5VT	Default: PG4

Pin Name	Pins	Pin Type ⁽¹⁾	I/O Level ⁽²⁾	Functions description
				Alternate: EXMC_A14
PG5	90	I/O	5VT	Default: PG5 Alternate: EXMC_A15
PG6	91	I/O	5VT	Default: PG6 Alternate: EXMC_INT1
PG7	92	I/O	5VT	Default: PG7 Alternate: EXMC_INT2
PG8	93	I/O	5VT	Default: PG8
V _{SS_9}	94	P		Default: V _{SS_9}
V _{DD_9}	95	P		Default: V _{DD_9}
PC6	96	I/O	5VT	Default: PC6 Alternate: I2S1_MCK, TIMER7_CH0, SDIO_D6 Remap: TIMER2_CH0
PC7	97	I/O	5VT	Default: PC7 Alternate: I2S2_MCK, TIMER7_CH1, SDIO_D7 Remap: TIMER2_CH1
PC8	98	I/O	5VT	Default: PC8 Alternate: TIMER7_CH2, SDIO_D0 Remap: TIMER2_CH2
PC9	99	I/O	5VT	Default: PC9 Alternate: TIMER7_CH3, SDIO_D1 Remap: TIMER2_CH3
PA8	100	I/O	5VT	Default: PA8 Alternate: USART0_CK, TIMER0_CH0, CK_OUT0, CTC_SYNC
PA9	101	I/O	5VT	Default: PA9 Alternate: USART0_TX, TIMER0_CH1
PA10	102	I/O	5VT	Default: PA10 Alternate: USART0_RX, TIMER0_CH2
PA11	103	I/O	5VT	Default: PA11 Alternate: USART0_CTS, CAN0_RX, USBDM, TIMER0_CH3
PA12	104	I/O	5VT	Default: PA12 Alternate: USART0_RTS, CAN0_TX, TIMER0_ETI, USBDP
PA13	105	I/O	5VT	Default: JTMS, SWDIO Remap: PA13
NC	106	-		-
V _{SS_2}	107	P		Default: V _{SS_2}
V _{DD_2}	108	P		Default: V _{DD_2}
PA14	109	I/O	5VT	Default: JTCK, SWCLK Remap: PA14

Pin Name	Pins	Pin Type ⁽¹⁾	I/O Level ⁽²⁾	Functions description
PA15	110	I/O	5VT	Default: JTDI Alternate: SPI2_NSS, I2S2_WS Remap: TIMER1_CH0, TIMER1_ETI, PA15, SPI0_NSS
PC10	111	I/O	5VT	Default: PC10 Alternate: UART3_TX, SDIO_D2 Remap: USART2_TX, SPI2_SCK, I2S2_CK
PC11	112	I/O	5VT	Default: PC11 Alternate: UART3_RX, SDIO_D3 Remap: USART2_RX, SPI2_MISO
PC12	113	I/O	5VT	Default: PC12 Alternate: UART4_TX, SDIO_CK Remap: USART2_CK, SPI2_MOSI, I2S2_SD
PD0	114	I/O	5VT	Default: PD0 Alternate: EXMC_D2 Remap: CAN0_RX, OSCIN
PD1	115	I/O	5VT	Default: PD1 Alternate: EXMC_D3 Remap: CAN0_TX, OSCOUT
PD2	116	I/O	5VT	Default: PD2 Alternate: TIMER2_ETI, SDIO_CMD, UART4_RX
PD3	117	I/O	5VT	Default: PD3 Alternate: EXMC_CLK Remap: USART1_CTS
PD4	118	I/O	5VT	Default: PD4 Alternate: EXMC_NOE Remap: USART1_RTS
PD5	119	I/O	5VT	Default: PD5 Alternate: EXMC_NWE Remap: USART1_TX
V _{SS_10}	120	P		Default: V _{SS_10}
V _{DD_10}	121	P		Default: V _{DD_10}
PD6	122	I/O	5VT	Default: PD6 Alternate: EXMC_NWAIT Remap: USART1_RX
PD7	123	I/O	5VT	Default: PD7 Alternate: EXMC_NE0, EXMC_NCE1 Remap: USART1_CK
PG9	124	I/O	5VT	Default: PG9 Alternate: EXMC_NE1, EXMC_NCE2
PG10	125	I/O	5VT	Default: PG10 Alternate: EXMC_NCE3_0, EXMC_NE2
PG11	126	I/O	5VT	Default: PG11

Pin Name	Pins	Pin Type ⁽¹⁾	I/O Level ⁽²⁾	Functions description
				Alternate: EXMC_NCE3_1
PG12	127	I/O	5VT	Default: PG12 Alternate: EXMC_NE3
PG13	128	I/O	5VT	Default: PG13 Alternate: EXMC_A24
PG14	129	I/O	5VT	Default: PG14 Alternate: EXMC_A25
V _{SS_11}	130	P		Default: V _{SS_11}
V _{DD_11}	131	P		Default: V _{DD_11}
PG15	132	I/O	5VT	Default: PG15
PB3	133	I/O	5VT	Default: JTDO Alternate: SPI2_SCK, I2S2_CK Remap: PB3, TRACESWO, TIMER1_CH1, SPI0_SCK
PB4	134	I/O	5VT	Default: NJTRST Alternate: SPI2_MISO Remap: TIMER2_CH0, PB4, SPI0_MISO
PB5	135	I/O		Default: PB5 Alternate: I2C0_SMBA, SPI2_MOSI, I2S2_SD Remap: TIMER2_CH1, SPI0_MOSI
PB6	136	I/O	5VT	Default: PB6 Alternate: I2C0_SCL, TIMER3_CH0 Remap: USART0_TX, SPI0_IO2
PB7	137	I/O	5VT	Default: PB7 Alternate: I2C0_SDA, TIMER3_CH1, EXMC_NADV Remap: USART0_RX, SPI0_IO3
BOOT0	138	I		Default: BOOT0
PB8	139	I/O	5VT	Default: PB8 Alternate: TIMER3_CH2, SDIO_D4, TIMER9_CH0 ⁽³⁾ Remap: I2C0_SCL, CAN0_RX
PB9	140	I/O	5VT	Default: PB9 Alternate: TIMER3_CH3, SDIO_D5, TIMER10_CH0 ⁽³⁾ Remap: I2C0_SDA, CAN0_TX
PE0	141	I/O	5VT	Default: PE0 Alternate: TIMER3_ETI, EXMC_NBL0
PE1	142	I/O	5VT	Default: PE1 Alternate: EXMC_NBL1
V _{SS_3}	143	P		Default: V _{SS_3}
V _{DD_3}	144	P		Default: V _{DD_3}

Notes:

(1)Type: I = input, O = output, P = power.

(2)I/O Level: 5VT = 5 V tolerant.

(3) Functions are available in GD32F303ZG/I/K devices.

2.6.2. GD32F303Vx LQFP100 pin definitions
Table 2-5. GD32F303Vx LQFP100 pin definitions

Pin Name	Pins	Pin Type ⁽¹⁾	I/O Level ⁽²⁾	Functions description
PE2	1	I/O	5VT	Default: PE2 Alternate: TRACECK, EXMC_A23
PE3	2	I/O	5VT	Default: PE3 Alternate: TRACED0, EXMC_A19
PE4	3	I/O	5VT	Default: PE4 Alternate: TRACED1, EXMC_A20
PE5	4	I/O	5VT	Default: PE5 Alternate: TRACED2, EXMC_A21 Remap: TIMER8_CH0 ⁽³⁾
PE6	5	I/O	5VT	Default: PE6 Alternate: TRACED3, EXMC_A22 Remap: TIMER8_CH1 ⁽³⁾
V _{BAT}	6	P		Default: V _{BAT}
PC13- TAMPER- RTC	7	I/O		Default: PC13 Alternate: TAMPER-RTC
PC14- OSC32IN	8	I/O		Default: PC14 Alternate: OSC32IN
PC15- OSC32OU T	9	I/O		Default: PC15 Alternate: OSC32OUT
V _{SS_5}	10	P		Default: V _{SS_5}
V _{DD_5}	11	P		Default: V _{DD_5}
OSCIN	12	I		Default: OSCIN Remap: PD0
OSCOUT	13	O		Default: OSCOUT Remap: PD1
NRST	14	I/O		Default: NRST
PC0	15	I/O		Default: PC0 Alternate: ADC012_IN10
PC1	16	I/O		Default: PC1 Alternate: ADC012_IN11
PC2	17	I/O		Default: PC2 Alternate: ADC012_IN12
PC3	18	I/O		Default: PC3 Alternate: ADC012_IN13
V _{SSA}	19	P		Default: V _{SSA}
V _{REF-}	20	P		Default: V _{REF-}

Pin Name	Pins	Pin Type ⁽¹⁾	I/O Level ⁽²⁾	Functions description
V _{REF+}	21	P		Default: V _{REF+}
V _{DDA}	22	P		Default: V _{DDA}
PA0-WKUP	23	I/O		Default: PA0 Alternate: WKUP, USART1_CTS, ADC012_IN0, TIMER1_CH0, TIMER1_ETI, TIMER4_CH0, TIMER7_ETI
PA1	24	I/O		Default: PA1 Alternate: USART1_RTS, ADC012_IN1, TIMER1_CH1, TIMER4_CH1
PA2	25	I/O		Default: PA2 Alternate: USART1_TX, ADC012_IN2, TIMER1_CH2, TIMER4_CH2, TIMER8_CH0 ⁽³⁾ , SPI0_IO2
PA3	26	I/O		Default: PA3 Alternate: USART1_RX, ADC012_IN3, TIMER1_CH3, TIMER4_CH3, TIMER8_CH1 ⁽³⁾ , SPI0_IO3
V _{SS_4}	27	P		Default: V _{SS_4}
V _{DD_4}	28	P		Default: V _{DD_4}
PA4	29	I/O		Default: PA4 Alternate: SPI0_NSS, USART1_CK, ADC01_IN4, DAC_OUT0 Remap: SPI2_NSS, I2S2_WS
PA5	30	I/O		Default: PA5 Alternate: SPI0_SCK, ADC01_IN5, DAC_OUT1
PA6	31	I/O		Default: PA6 Alternate: SPI0_MISO, ADC01_IN6, TIMER2_CH0, TIMER7_BRKIN, TIMER12_CH0 ⁽³⁾ Remap: TIMER0_BRKIN
PA7	32	I/O		Default: PA7 Alternate: SPI0_MOSI, ADC01_IN7, TIMER2_CH1, TIMER7_CH0_ON, TIMER13_CH0 ⁽³⁾ Remap: TIMER0_CH0_ON
PC4	33	I/O		Default: PC4 Alternate: ADC01_IN14
PC5	34	I/O		Default: PC5 Alternate: ADC01_IN15
PB0	35	I/O		Default: PB0 Alternate: ADC01_IN8, TIMER2_CH2, TIMER7_CH1_ON Remap: TIMER0_CH1_ON
PB1	36	I/O		Default: PB1 Alternate: ADC01_IN9, TIMER2_CH3, TIMER7_CH2_ON Remap: TIMER0_CH2_ON

Pin Name	Pins	Pin Type ⁽¹⁾	I/O Level ⁽²⁾	Functions description
PB2	37	I/O	5VT	Default: PB2, BOOT1
PE7	38	I/O	5VT	Default: PE7 Alternate: EXMC_D4 Remap: TIMER0_ETI
PE8	39	I/O	5VT	Default: PE8 Alternate: EXMC_D5 Remap: TIMER0_CH0_ON
PE9	40	I/O	5VT	Default: PE9 Alternate: EXMC_D6 Remap: TIMER0_CH0
PE10	41	I/O	5VT	Default: PE10 Alternate: EXMC_D7 Remap: TIMER0_CH1_ON
PE11	42	I/O	5VT	Default: PE11 Alternate: EXMC_D8 Remap: TIMER0_CH1
PE12	43	I/O	5VT	Default: PE12 Alternate: EXMC_D9 Remap: TIMER0_CH2_ON
PE13	44	I/O	5VT	Default: PE13 Alternate: EXMC_D10 Remap: TIMER0_CH2
PE14	45	I/O	5VT	Default: PE14 Alternate: EXMC_D11 Remap: TIMER0_CH3
PE15	46	I/O	5VT	Default: PE15 Alternate: EXMC_D12 Remap: TIMER0_BRKIN
PB10	47	I/O	5VT	Default: PB10 Alternate: I2C1_SCL, USART2_TX Remap: TIMER1_CH2
PB11	48	I/O	5VT	Default: PB11 Alternate: I2C1_SDA, USART2_RX Remap: TIMER1_CH3
V _{SS_1}	49	P		Default: V _{SS_1}
V _{DD_1}	50	P		Default: V _{DD_1}
PB12	51	I/O	5VT	Default: PB12 Alternate: SPI1_NSS, I2C1_SMBA, USART2_CK, TIMER0_BRKIN, I2S1_WS
PB13	52	I/O	5VT	Default: PB13 Alternate: SPI1_SCK, USART2_CTS, TIMER0_CH0_ON, I2S1_CK
PB14	53	I/O	5VT	Default: PB14

Pin Name	Pins	Pin Type ⁽¹⁾	I/O Level ⁽²⁾	Functions description
				Alternate: SPI1_MISO, USART2_RTS, TIMER0_CH1_ON, TIMER11_CH0 ⁽³⁾
PB15	54	I/O	5VT	Default: PB15 Alternate: SPI1_MOSI, TIMER0_CH2_ON, I2S1_SD, TIMER11_CH1 ⁽³⁾
PD8	55	I/O	5VT	Default: PD8 Alternate: EXMC_D13 Remap: USART2_TX
PD9	56	I/O	5VT	Default: PD9 Alternate: EXMC_D14 Remap: USART2_RX
PD10	57	I/O	5VT	Default: PD10 Alternate: EXMC_D15 Remap: USART2_CK
PD11	58	I/O	5VT	Default: PD11 Alternate: EXMC_A16 Remap: USART2_CTS
PD12	59	I/O	5VT	Default: PD12 Alternate: EXMC_A17 Remap: TIMER3_CH0, USART2_RTS
PD13	60	I/O	5VT	Default: PD13 Alternate: EXMC_A18 Remap: TIMER3_CH1
PD14	61	I/O	5VT	Default: PD14 Alternate: EXMC_D0 Remap: TIMER3_CH2
PD15	62	I/O	5VT	Default: PD15 Alternate: EXMC_D1 Remap: TIMER3_CH3, CTC_SYNC
PC6	63	I/O	5VT	Default: PC6 Alternate: I2S1_MCK, TIMER7_CH0, SDIO_D6 Remap: TIMER2_CH0
PC7	64	I/O	5VT	Default: PC7 Alternate: I2S2_MCK, TIMER7_CH1, SDIO_D7 Remap: TIMER2_CH1
PC8	65	I/O	5VT	Default: PC8 Alternate: TIMER7_CH2, SDIO_D0 Remap: TIMER2_CH2
PC9	66	I/O	5VT	Default: PC9 Alternate: TIMER7_CH3, SDIO_D1 Remap: TIMER2_CH3
PA8	67	I/O	5VT	Default: PA8 Alternate: USART0_CK, TIMER0_CH0, CK_OUT0,

Pin Name	Pins	Pin Type ⁽¹⁾	I/O Level ⁽²⁾	Functions description
				CTC_SYNC
PA9	68	I/O	5VT	Default: PA9 Alternate: USART0_TX, TIMER0_CH1
PA10	69	I/O	5VT	Default: PA10 Alternate: USART0_RX, TIMER0_CH2
PA11	70	I/O	5VT	Default: PA11 Alternate: USART0_CTS, CAN0_RX, USBDM, TIMER0_CH3
PA12	71	I/O	5VT	Default: PA12 Alternate: USART0_RTS, CAN0_TX, TIMER0_ETI, USBDP
PA13	72	I/O	5VT	Default: JTMS, SWDIO Remap: PA13
NC	73	-	-	-
V _{SS_2}	74	P		Default: V _{SS_2}
V _{DD_2}	75	P		Default: V _{DD_2}
PA14	76	I/O	5VT	Default: JTCK, SWCLK Remap: PA14
PA15	77	I/O	5VT	Default: JTDI Alternate: SPI2_NSS, I2S2_WS Remap: TIMER1_CH0, TIMER1_ETI, PA15, SPI0_NSS
PC10	78	I/O	5VT	Default: PC10 Alternate: UART3_TX, SDIO_D2 Remap: USART2_TX, SPI2_SCK, I2S2_CK
PC11	79	I/O	5VT	Default: PC11 Alternate: UART3_RX, SDIO_D3 Remap: USART2_RX, SPI2_MISO
PC12	80	I/O	5VT	Default: PC12 Alternate: UART4_TX, SDIO_CK Remap: USART2_CK, SPI2_MOSI, I2S2_SD
PD0	81	I/O	5VT	Default: PD0 Alternate: EXMC_D2 Remap: CAN0_RX, OSCIN
PD1	82	I/O	5VT	Default: PD1 Alternate: EXMC_D3 Remap: CAN0_TX, OSCOUT
PD2	83	I/O	5VT	Default: PD2 Alternate: TIMER2_ETI, SDIO_CMD, UART4_RX
PD3	84	I/O	5VT	Default: PD3 Alternate: EXMC_CLK Remap: USART1_CTS
PD4	85	I/O	5VT	Default: PD4 Alternate: EXMC_NOE

Pin Name	Pins	Pin Type ⁽¹⁾	I/O Level ⁽²⁾	Functions description
				Remap: USART1_RTS
PD5	86	I/O	5VT	Default: PD5 Alternate: EXMC_NWE Remap: USART1_TX
PD6	87	I/O	5VT	Default: PD6 Alternate: EXMC_NWAIT Remap: USART1_RX
PD7	88	I/O	5VT	Default: PD7 Alternate: EXMC_NE0, EXMC_NCE1 Remap: USART1_CK
PB3	89	I/O	5VT	Default: JTDO Alternate: SPI2_SCK, I2S2_CK Remap: PB3, TRACESWO, TIMER1_CH1, SPI0_SCK
PB4	90	I/O	5VT	Default: NJTRST Alternate: SPI2_MISO Remap: TIMER2_CH0, PB4, SPI0_MISO
PB5	91	I/O		Default: PB5 Alternate: I2C0_SMBA, SPI2_MOSI, I2S2_SD Remap: TIMER2_CH1, SPI0_MOSI
PB6	92	I/O	5VT	Default: PB6 Alternate: I2C0_SCL, TIMER3_CH0 Remap: USART0_TX, SPI0_IO2
PB7	93	I/O	5VT	Default: PB7 Alternate: I2C0_SDA, TIMER3_CH1, EXMC_NADV Remap: USART0_RX, SPI0_IO3
BOOT0	94	I		Default: BOOT0
PB8	95	I/O	5VT	Default: PB8 Alternate: TIMER3_CH2, SDIO_D4, TIMER9_CH0 ⁽³⁾ Remap: I2C0_SCL, CAN0_RX
PB9	96	I/O	5VT	Default: PB9 Alternate: TIMER3_CH3, SDIO_D5, TIMER10_CH0 ⁽³⁾ Remap: I2C0_SDA, CAN0_TX
PE0	97	I/O	5VT	Default: PE0 Alternate: TIMER3_ETI, EXMC_NBL0
PE1	98	I/O	5VT	Default: PE1 Alternate: EXMC_NBL1
V _{SS_3}	99	P		Default: V _{SS_3}
V _{DD_3}	100	P		Default: V _{DD_3}

Notes:

(1)Type: I = input, O = output, P = power.

(2)I/O Level: 5VT = 5 V tolerant.

(3)Functions are available in GD32F303VG/I/K devices.

2.6.3. GD32F303Rx LQFP64 pin definitions

Table 2-6. GD32F303Rx LQFP64 pin definitions

Pin Name	Pins	Pin Type ⁽¹⁾	I/O Level ⁽²⁾	Functions description
V _{BAT}	1	P		Default: V _{BAT}
PC13-TAMPER-RTC	2	I/O		Default: PC13 Alternate: TAMPER-RTC
PC14-OSC32IN	3	I/O		Default: PC14 Alternate: OSC32IN
PC15-OSC32OUT	4	I/O		Default: PC15 Alternate: OSC32OUT
OSCIN	5	I		Default: OSCIN Remap: PD0
OSCOUT	6	O		Default: OSCOUT Remap: PD1
NRST	7	I/O		Default: NRST
PC0	8	I/O		Default: PC0 Alternate: ADC012_IN10
PC1	9	I/O		Default: PC1 Alternate: ADC012_IN11
PC2	10	I/O		Default: PC2 Alternate: ADC012_IN12
PC3	11	I/O		Default: PC3 Alternate: ADC012_IN13
V _{SSA}	12	P		Default: V _{SSA}
V _{DDA}	13	P		Default: V _{DDA}
PA0-WKUP	14	I/O		Default: PA0 Alternate: WKUP, USART1_CTS, ADC012_IN0, TIMER1_CH0, TIMER1_ETI, TIMER4_CH0, TIMER7_ETI
PA1	15	I/O		Default: PA1 Alternate: USART1_RTS, ADC012_IN1, TIMER1_CH1, TIMER4_CH1
PA2	16	I/O		Default: PA2 Alternate: USART1_TX, ADC012_IN2, TIMER1_CH2, TIMER4_CH2, TIMER8_CH0 ⁽³⁾ , SPI0_IO2
PA3	17	I/O		Default: PA3 Alternate: USART1_RX, ADC012_IN3, TIMER1_CH3, TIMER4_CH3, TIMER8_CH1 ⁽³⁾ , SPI0_IO3
V _{SS_4}	18	P		Default: V _{SS_4}

Pin Name	Pins	Pin Type ⁽¹⁾	I/O Level ⁽²⁾	Functions description
V _{DD_4}	19	P		Default: V _{DD_4}
PA4	20	I/O		Default: PA4 Alternate: SPI0_NSS, USART1_CK, ADC01_IN4, DAC_OUT0 Remap: SPI2_NSS, I2S2_WS
PA5	21	I/O		Default: PA5 Alternate: SPI0_SCK, ADC01_IN5, DAC_OUT1
PA6	22	I/O		Default: PA6 Alternate: SPI0_MISO, ADC01_IN6, TIMER2_CH0, TIMER7_BRKIN, TIMER12_CH0 ⁽³⁾ Remap: TIMER0_BRKIN
PA7	23	I/O		Default: PA7 Alternate: SPI0_MOSI, ADC01_IN7, TIMER2_CH1, TIMER7_CH0_ON, TIMER13_CH0 ⁽³⁾ Remap: TIMER0_CH0_ON
PC4	24	I/O		Default: PC4 Alternate: ADC01_IN14
PC5	25	I/O		Default: PC5 Alternate: ADC01_IN15
PB0	26	I/O		Default: PB0 Alternate: ADC01_IN8, TIMER2_CH2, TIMER7_CH1_ON Remap: TIMER0_CH1_ON
PB1	27	I/O		Default: PB1 Alternate: ADC01_IN9, TIMER2_CH3, TIMER7_CH2_ON Remap: TIMER0_CH2_ON
PB2	28	I/O	5VT	Default: PB2, BOOT1
PB10	29	I/O	5VT	Default: PB10 Alternate: I2C1_SCL, USART2_TX Remap: TIMER1_CH2
PB11	30	I/O	5VT	Default: PB11 Alternate: I2C1_SDA, USART2_RX Remap: TIMER1_CH3
V _{SS_1}	31	P		Default: V _{SS_1}
V _{DD_1}	32	P		Default: V _{DD_1}
PB12	33	I/O	5VT	Default: PB12 Alternate: SPI1_NSS, I2C1_SMBA, USART2_CK, TIMER0_BRKIN, I2S1_WS
PB13	34	I/O	5VT	Default: PB13 Alternate: SPI1_SCK, USART2_CTS, TIMER0_CH0_ON, I2S1_CK

Pin Name	Pins	Pin Type ⁽¹⁾	I/O Level ⁽²⁾	Functions description
PB14	35	I/O	5VT	Default: PB14 Alternate: SPI1_MISO, USART2_RTS, TIMER0_CH1_ON, TIMER11_CH0 ⁽³⁾
PB15	36	I/O	5VT	Default: PB15 Alternate: SPI1_MOSI, TIMER0_CH2_ON, I2S1_SD, TIMER11_CH1 ⁽³⁾
PC6	37	I/O	5VT	Default: PC6 Alternate: I2S1_MCK, TIMER7_CH0, SDIO_D6 Remap: TIMER2_CH0
PC7	38	I/O	5VT	Default: PC7 Alternate: I2S2_MCK, TIMER7_CH1, SDIO_D7 Remap: TIMER2_CH1
PC8	39	I/O	5VT	Default: PC8 Alternate: TIMER7_CH2, SDIO_D0 Remap: TIMER2_CH2
PC9	40	I/O	5VT	Default: PC9 Alternate: TIMER7_CH3, SDIO_D1 Remap: TIMER2_CH3
PA8	41	I/O	5VT	Default: PA8 Alternate: USART0_CK, TIMER0_CH0, CK_OUT0, CTC_SYNC
PA9	42	I/O	5VT	Default: PA9 Alternate: USART0_TX, TIMER0_CH1
PA10	43	I/O	5VT	Default: PA10 Alternate: USART0_RX, TIMER0_CH2
PA11	44	I/O	5VT	Default: PA11 Alternate: USART0_CTS, CAN0_RX, USBDM, TIMER0_CH3
PA12	45	I/O	5VT	Default: PA12 Alternate: USART0_RTS, CAN0_TX, TIMER0_ETI, USBDP
PA13	46	I/O	5VT	Default: JTMS, SWDIO Remap: PA13
V _{SS_2}	47	P		Default: V _{SS_2}
V _{DD_2}	48	P		Default: V _{DD_2}
PA14	49	I/O	5VT	Default: JTCK, SWCLK Remap: PA14
PA15	50	I/O	5VT	Default: JTDI Alternate: SPI2_NSS, I2S2_WS Remap: TIMER1_CH0, TIMER1_ETI, PA15, SPI0_NSS
PC10	51	I/O	5VT	Default: PC10 Alternate: UART3_TX, SDIO_D2

Pin Name	Pins	Pin Type ⁽¹⁾	I/O Level ⁽²⁾	Functions description
				Remap: USART2_TX, SPI2_SCK, I2S2_CK
PC11	52	I/O	5VT	Default: PC11 Alternate: UART3_RX, SDIO_D3 Remap: USART2_RX, SPI2_MISO
PC12	53	I/O	5VT	Default: PC12 Alternate: UART4_TX, SDIO_CK Remap: USART2_CK, SPI2_MOSI, I2S2_SD
PD2	54	I/O	5VT	Default: PD2 Alternate: TIMER2_ETI, SDIO_CMD, UART4_RX
PB3	55	I/O	5VT	Default: JTDO Alternate: SPI2_SCK, I2S2_CK Remap: PB3, TRACESWO, TIMER1_CH1, SPI0_SCK
PB4	56	I/O	5VT	Default: NJTRST Alternate: SPI2_MISO Remap: TIMER2_CH0, PB4, SPI0_MISO
PB5	57	I/O		Default: PB5 Alternate: I2C0_SMBA, SPI2_MOSI, I2S2_SD Remap: TIMER2_CH1, SPI0_MOSI
PB6	58	I/O	5VT	Default: PB6 Alternate: I2C0_SCL, TIMER3_CH0 Remap: USART0_TX, SPI0_IO2
PB7	59	I/O	5VT	Default: PB7 Alternate: I2C0_SDA, TIMER3_CH1 Remap: USART0_RX, SPI0_IO3
BOOT0	60	I		Default: BOOT0
PB8	61	I/O	5VT	Default: PB8 Alternate: TIMER3_CH2, SDIO_D4, TIMER9_CH0 ⁽³⁾ Remap: I2C0_SCL, CAN0_RX
PB9	62	I/O	5VT	Default: PB9 Alternate: TIMER3_CH3, SDIO_D5, TIMER10_CH0 ⁽³⁾ Remap: I2C0_SDA, CAN0_TX
V _{SS_3}	63	P		Default: V _{SS_3}
V _{DD_3}	64	P		Default: V _{DD_3}

Notes:

(1)Type: I = input, O = output, P = power.

(2)I/O Level: 5VT = 5 V tolerant.

(3)Functions are available in GD32F303RG/I/K devices.

2.6.4. GD32F303Cx LQFP48 pin definitions

Table 2-7. GD32F303Cx LQFP48 pin definitions

Pin Name	Pins	Pin Type ⁽¹⁾	I/O Level ⁽²⁾	Functions description
V _{BAT}	1	P		Default: V _{BAT}
PC13-TAMPER-RTC	2	I/O		Default: PC13 Alternate: TAMPER-RTC
PC14-OSC32IN	3	I/O		Default: PC14 Alternate: OSC32IN
PC15-OSC32OUT	4	I/O		Default: PC15 Alternate: OSC32OUT
OSCIN	5	I		Default: OSCIN Remap: PD0
OSCOUT	6	O		Default: OSCOUT Remap: PD1
NRST	7	I/O		Default: NRST
V _{SSA}	8	P		Default: V _{SSA}
V _{DDA}	9	P		Default: V _{DDA}
PA0-WKUP	10	I/O		Default: PA0 Alternate: WKUP, USART1_CTS, ADC012_IN0, TIMER1_CH0, TIMER1_ETI, TIMER4_CH0
PA1	11	I/O		Default: PA1 Alternate: USART1_RTS, ADC012_IN1, TIMER1_CH1, TIMER4_CH1
PA2	12	I/O		Default: PA2 Alternate: USART1_TX, ADC012_IN2, TIMER1_CH2, TIMER4_CH2, TIMER8_CH0 ⁽³⁾ , SPI0_IO2
PA3	13	I/O		Default: PA3 Alternate: USART1_RX, ADC012_IN3, TIMER1_CH3, TIMER4_CH3, TIMER8_CH1 ⁽³⁾ , SPI0_IO3
PA4	14	I/O		Default: PA4 Alternate: SPI0_NSS, USART1_CK, ADC01_IN4, DAC_OUT0 Remap: SPI2_NSS, I2S2_WS
PA5	15	I/O		Default: PA5 Alternate: SPI0_SCK, ADC01_IN5, DAC_OUT1
PA6	16	I/O		Default: PA6 Alternate: SPI0_MISO, ADC01_IN6, TIMER2_CH0, TIMER12_CH0 ⁽³⁾ Remap: TIMER0_BRKIN

Pin Name	Pins	Pin Type ⁽¹⁾	I/O Level ⁽²⁾	Functions description
PA7	17	I/O		Default: PA7 Alternate: SPI0_MOSI, ADC01_IN7, TIMER2_CH1, TIMER13_CH0 ⁽³⁾ Remap: TIMER0_CH0_ON
PB0	18	I/O		Default: PB0 Alternate: ADC01_IN8, TIMER2_CH2 Remap: TIMER0_CH1_ON
PB1	19	I/O		Default: PB1 Alternate: ADC01_IN9, TIMER2_CH3 Remap: TIMER0_CH2_ON
PB2	20	I/O	5VT	Default: PB2, BOOT1
PB10	21	I/O	5VT	Default: PB10 Alternate: I2C1_SCL, USART2_TX Remap: TIMER1_CH2
PB11	22	I/O	5VT	Default: PB11 Alternate: I2C1_SDA, USART2_RX Remap: TIMER1_CH3
V _{SS_1}	23	P		Default: V _{SS_1}
V _{DD_1}	24	P		Default: V _{DD_1}
PB12	25	I/O	5VT	Default: PB12 Alternate: SPI1_NSS, I2C1_SMBA, USART2_CK, TIMER0_BRKIN, I2S1_WS
PB13	26	I/O	5VT	Default: PB13 Alternate: SPI1_SCK, USART2_CTS, TIMER0_CH0_ON, I2S1_CK
PB14	27	I/O	5VT	Default: PB14 Alternate: SPI1_MISO, USART2_RTS, TIMER0_CH1_ON, TIMER11_CH0 ⁽³⁾
PB15	28	I/O	5VT	Default: PB15 Alternate: SPI1_MOSI, TIMER0_CH2_ON, I2S1_SD, TIMER11_CH1 ⁽³⁾
PA8	29	I/O	5VT	Default: PA8 Alternate: USART0_CK, TIMER0_CH0, CK_OUT0, CTC_SYNC
PA9	30	I/O	5VT	Default: PA9 Alternate: USART0_TX, TIMER0_CH1
PA10	31	I/O	5VT	Default: PA10 Alternate: USART0_RX, TIMER0_CH2
PA11	32	I/O	5VT	Default: PA11 Alternate: USART0_CTS, CAN0_RX, USBDM, TIMER0_CH3
PA12	33	I/O	5VT	Default: PA12 Alternate: USART0_RTS, CAN0_TX, TIMER0_ETI,

Pin Name	Pins	Pin Type ⁽¹⁾	I/O Level ⁽²⁾	Functions description
				USBDP
PA13	34	I/O	5VT	Default: JTMS, SWDIO Remap: PA13
V _{SS_2}	35	P		Default: V _{SS_2}
V _{DD_2}	36	P		Default: V _{DD_2}
PA14	37	I/O	5VT	Default: JTCK, SWCLK Remap: PA14
PA15	38	I/O	5VT	Default: JTDI Alternate: SPI2_NSS, I2S2_WS Remap: TIMER1_CH0, TIMER1_ETI, PA15, SPI0_NSS
PB3	39	I/O	5VT	Default: JTDO Alternate: SPI2_SCK, I2S2_CK Remap: PB3, TRACESWO, TIMER1_CH1, SPI0_SCK
PB4	40	I/O	5VT	Default: NJTRST Alternate: SPI2_MISO Remap: TIMER2_CH0, PB4, SPI0_MISO
PB5	41	I/O		Default: PB5 Alternate: I2C0_SMBA, SPI2_MOSI, I2S2_SD Remap: TIMER2_CH1, SPI0_MOSI
PB6	42	I/O	5VT	Default: PB6 Alternate: I2C0_SCL, TIMER3_CH0 Remap: USART0_TX, SPI0_IO2
PB7	43	I/O	5VT	Default: PB7 Alternate: I2C0_SDA, TIMER3_CH1 Remap: USART0_RX, SPI0_IO3
BOOT0	44	I		Default: BOOT0
PB8	45	I/O	5VT	Default: PB8 Alternate: TIMER3_CH2, TIMER9_CH0 ⁽³⁾ Remap: I2C0_SCL, CAN0_RX
PB9	46	I/O	5VT	Default: PB9 Alternate: TIMER3_CH3, TIMER10_CH0 ⁽³⁾ Remap: I2C0_SDA, CAN0_TX
V _{SS_3}	47	P		Default: V _{SS_3}
V _{DD_3}	48	P		Default: V _{DD_3}

Notes:

(1)Type: I = input, O = output, P = power.

(2)I/O Level: 5VT = 5 V tolerant.

(3)Functions are available in GD32F303CG devices.

3. Functional description

3.1. ARM® Cortex®-M4 core

The ARM® Cortex®-M4 processor is a high performance embedded processor with DSP instructions which allow efficient signal processing and complex algorithm execution. It brings an efficient, easy-to-use blend of control and signal processing capabilities to meet the digital signal control markets demand. The processor is highly configurable enabling a wide range of implementations from those requiring floating point operations, memory protection and powerful trace technology to cost sensitive devices requiring minimal area, while delivering outstanding computational performance and an advanced system response to interrupts.

32-bit ARM® Cortex®-M4 processor core

- Up to 120 MHz operation frequency
- Single-cycle multiplication and hardware divider
- Integrated DSP instructions
- Integrated Nested Vectored Interrupt Controller (NVIC)
- 24-bit SysTick timer

The Cortex®-M4 processor is based on the ARMv7-M architecture and supports both Thumb and Thumb-2 instruction sets. Some system peripherals listed below are also provided by Cortex®-M4:

- Internal Bus Matrix connected with ICode bus, DCode bus, System bus, Private Peripheral Bus (PPB) and debug accesses (AHB-AP)
- Nested Vectored Interrupt Controller (NVIC)
- Flash Patch and Breakpoint (FPB)
- Data Watchpoint and Trace (DWT)
- Instrument Trace Macrocell (ITM)
- Memory Protection Unit (MPU)
- Serial Wire JTAG Debug Port (SWJ-DP)
- Trace Port Interface Unit (TPIU)
- Floating Point Unit (FPU)

3.2. On-chip memory

- Up to 3072 Kbytes of Flash memory, including code Flash and data Flash
- Up to 96 KB of SRAM

The ARM® Cortex®-M4 processor is structured in Harvard architecture which can use separate buses to fetch instructions and load/store data. 3072 Kbytes of inner flash at most, which includes code Flash that available for storing programs and data, and accessed (R/W) at CPU clock speed with zero wait states. An extra data Flash is also included for storing data mainly. [Table 2-3. GD32F303xx memory map](#) shows the memory of the GD32F303xx

series of devices, including Flash, SRAM, peripheral, and other pre-defined regions.

3.3. Clock, reset and supply management

- Internal 8 MHz factory-trimmed RC and external 4 to 32 MHz crystal oscillator
- Internal 48 MHz RC oscillator
- Internal 40 kHz RC calibrated oscillator and external 32.768 kHz crystal oscillator
- 2.6 to 3.6 V application supply and I/Os
- Supply Supervisor: POR (Power On Reset), PDR (Power Down Reset), and low voltage detector (LVD)

The Clock Control Unit (CCU) provides a range of oscillator and clock functions. These include internal RC oscillator and external crystal oscillator, high speed and low speed two types. Several prescalers allow the frequency configuration of the AHB and two APB domains. The maximum frequency of the two AHB domains are 120 MHz The maximum frequency of the two APB domains including APB1 is 60 MHz and APB2 is 120 MHz See [Figure 2-6. GD32F303xx clock tree](#) for details on the clock tree.

The Reset Control Unit (RCU) controls three kinds of reset: system reset resets the processor core and peripheral IP components. Power-on reset (POR) and power-down reset (PDR) are always active, and ensures proper operation starting from/down to 2.6 V. The device remains in reset mode when V_{DD} is below a specified threshold. The embedded low voltage detector (LVD) monitors the power supply, compares it to the voltage threshold and generates an interrupt as a warning message for leading the MCU into security.

Power supply schemes:

- V_{DD} range: 2.6 to 3.6 V, external power supply for I/Os and the internal regulator. Provided externally through V_{DD} pins.
- V_{SSA} , V_{DDA} range: 2.6 to 3.6 V, external analog power supplies for ADC, reset blocks, RCs and PLL. V_{DDA} and V_{SSA} must be connected to V_{DD} and V_{SS} , respectively.
- V_{BAT} range: 1.8 to 3.6 V, power supply for RTC, external clock 32 kHz oscillator and backup registers (through power switch) when V_{DD} is not present.

3.4. Boot modes

At startup, boot pins are used to select one of three boot options:

- Boot from main flash memory (default)
- Boot from system memory
- Boot from on-chip SRAM

The boot loader is located in the internal boot ROM memory (system memory). It is used to reprogram the Flash memory by using USART0 (PA9 and PA10), if devices are GD32F303C/R/V/ZG or GD32F303R/V/ZI or GD32F303V/ZK, USART1 (PA2 and PA3) is also available for boot functions. It also can be used to transfer and update the Flash memory

code, the data and the vector table sections. In default condition, boot from bank0 of Flash memory is selected. It also supports to boot from bank1 of Flash memory by setting a bit in option bytes.

3.5. Power saving modes

The MCU supports three kinds of power saving modes to achieve even lower power consumption. They are sleep mode, deep-sleep mode and standby mode. These operating modes reduce the power consumption and allow the application to achieve the best balance between the CPU operating time, speed and power consumption.

- **Sleep mode**

In sleep mode, only the clock of CPU core is off. All peripherals continue to operate and any interrupt/event can wake up the system.

- **Deep-sleep mode**

In deep-sleep mode, all clocks in the 1.2 V domain are off, and all of the high speed crystal oscillator (IRC8M, HXTAL) and PLL are disabled. Only the contents of SRAM and registers are retained. Any interrupt or wakeup event from EXTI lines can wake up the system from the deep-sleep mode including the 16 external lines, the RTC alarm, the LVD output, and USB wakeup. When exiting the deep-sleep mode, the IRC8M is selected as the system clock.

- **Standby mode**

In standby mode, the whole 1.2V domain is power off, the LDO is shut down, and all of IRC8M, HXTAL and PLL are disabled. The contents of SRAM and registers (except backup registers) are lost. There are four wakeup sources for the standby mode, including the external reset from NRST pin, the RTC, the FWDG reset, and the rising edge on WKUP pin.

3.6. Analog to digital converter (ADC)

- 12-bit SAR ADC's conversion rate is up to 2.6 MSPS
- 12-bit, 10-bit, 8-bit or 6-bit configurable resolution
- Hardware oversampling ratio adjustable from 2 to 256x improves resolution to 16-bit
- Input voltage range: V_{SSA} to V_{DDA} (2.6 to 3.6 V)
- Temperature sensor

Up to three 12-bit 2.6 MSPS multi-channel ADCs are integrated in the device. It has a total of 18 multiplexed channels: 16 external channels, 1 channel for internal temperature sensor (V_{SENSE}), and 1 channel for internal reference voltage (V_{REFINT}). The input voltage range is between 2.6 V and 3.6 V. An on-chip hardware oversampling scheme improves performance while off-loading the related computational burden from the CPU. An analog watchdog block can be used to detect the channels, which are required to remain within a specific threshold window. A configurable channel management block can be used to perform conversions in single, continuous, scan or discontinuous mode to support more advanced use.

The ADC can be triggered from the events generated by the general level 0 timers (TIMERx) and the advanced timers (TIMER0 and TIMER7) with internal connection. The temperature sensor can be used to generate a voltage that varies linearly with temperature. It is internally connected to the ADC_IN16 input channel which is used to convert the sensor output voltage in a digital value.

3.7. Digital to analog converter (DAC)

- Two 12-bit DACs with independent output channels
- 8-bit or 12-bit mode in conjunction with the DMA controller

The two 12-bit buffered DACs are used to generate variable analog outputs. The DAC channels can be triggered by the timer or EXTI with DMA support. In dual DAC channel operation, conversions could be done independently or simultaneously. The maximum output value of the DAC is V_{REF+} .

3.8. DMA

- 7 channel DMA0 controller and 5 channel DMA1 controller
- Peripherals supported: Timers, ADC, SPIs, I2Cs, USARTs, DAC, I2S, SDIO

The flexible general-purpose DMA controllers provide a hardware method of transferring data between peripherals and/or memory without intervention from the CPU, thereby freeing up bandwidth for other system functions. Three types of access method are supported: peripheral to memory, memory to peripheral, memory to memory

Each channel is connected to fixed hardware DMA requests. The priorities of DMA channel requests are determined by software configuration and hardware channel number. Transfer size of source and destination are independent and configurable.

3.9. General-purpose inputs/outputs (GPIOs)

- Up to 112 fast GPIOs, all mappable on 16 external interrupt lines
- Analog input/output configurable
- Alternate function input/output configurable

There are up to 112 general purpose I/O pins (GPIO) in GD32F303xx, named PA0 ~ PA15 and PB0 ~ PB15, PC0 ~ PC15, PD0 ~ PD15, PE0 ~ PE15, PF0-PF15, PG0-PG15 to implement logic input/output functions. Each of the GPIO ports has related control and configuration registers to satisfy the requirements of specific applications. The external interrupts on the GPIO pins of the device have related control and configuration registers in the Interrupt/event controller (EXTI). The GPIO ports are pin-shared with other alternative functions (AFs) to obtain maximum flexibility on the package pins. Each of the GPIO pins can be configured by software as output (push-pull or open-drain), as input (with or without pull-

up or pull-down) or as peripheral alternate function. Most of the GPIO pins are shared with digital or analog alternate functions. All GPIOs are high-current capable except for analog inputs.

3.10. Timers and PWM generation

- Two 16-bit advanced timer (TIMER0 & TIMER7), ten 16-bit general timers (TIMER1 ~ TIMER4, TIMER8 ~ TIMER13), and two 16-bit basic timer (TIMER5 & TIMER6)
- Up to 4 independent channels of PWM, output compare or input capture for each general timer and external trigger input
- 16-bit, motor control PWM advanced timer with programmable dead-time generation for output match
- Encoder interface controller with two inputs using quadrature decoder
- 24-bit SysTick timer down counter
- 2 watchdog timers (Free watchdog timer and window watchdog timer)

The advanced timer (TIMER0 & TIMER7) can be used as a three-phase PWM multiplexed on 6 channels. It has complementary PWM outputs with programmable dead-time generation. It can also be used as a complete general timer. The 4 independent channels can be used for input capture, output compare, PWM generation (edge-aligned or center-aligned counting modes) and single pulse mode output. If configured as a general 16-bit timer, it has the same functions as the TIMERx timer. It can be synchronized with external signals or to interconnect with other general timers together which have the same architecture and features.

The general timer, can be used for a variety of purposes including general time, input signal pulse width measurement or output waveform generation such as a single pulse generation or PWM output, up to 4 independent channels for input capture/output compare. TIMER1 ~ TIMER4 is based on a 16-bit auto-reload up/downcounter and a 16-bit prescaler. TIMER8 ~ TIMER13 is based on a 16-bit auto-reload upcounter and a 16-bit prescaler. The general timer also supports an encoder interface with two inputs using quadrature decoder.

The basic timer, known as TIMER5 & TIMER6, are mainly used for DAC trigger generation. They can also be used as a simple 16-bit time base.

The GD32F303xx have two watchdog peripherals, free watchdog timer and window watchdog timer. They offer a combination of high safety level, flexibility of use and timing accuracy.

The free watchdog timer includes a 12-bit down-counting counter and an 8-bit prescaler, It is clocked from an independent 40 kHz internal RC and as it operates independently of the main clock, it can operate in deep-sleep and standby modes. It can be used either as a watchdog to reset the device when a problem occurs, or as a free-running timer for application timeout management.

The window watchdog timer is based on a 7-bit down counter that can be set as free-running. It can be used as a watchdog to reset the device when a problem occurs. It is clocked from the main clock. It has an early wakeup interrupt capability and the counter can be frozen in

debug mode.

The SysTick timer is dedicated for OS, but could also be used as a standard down counter. The features are shown below:

- A 24-bit down counter
- Auto reload capability
- Maskable system interrupt generation when the counter reaches 0
- Programmable clock source

3.11. Real time clock (RTC)

- 32-bit up-counter with a programmable 20-bit prescaler
- Alarm function
- Interrupt and wakeup event

The real time clock is an independent timer which provides a set of continuously running counters which can be used with suitable software to provide a clock calendar function, and provides an alarm interrupt and an expected interrupt. The RTC features a 32-bit programmable counter for long-term measurement using the compare register to generate an alarm. A 20-bit prescaler is used for the time base clock and is by default configured to generate a time base of 1 second from a clock at 32.768 kHz from external crystal oscillator.

3.12. Inter-integrated circuit (I2C)

- Up to two I2C bus interfaces can support both master and slave mode with a frequency up to 1 MHz (Fast mode plus)
- Provide arbitration function, optional PEC (packet error checking) generation and checking
- Supports 7-bit and 10-bit addressing mode and general call addressing mode

The I2C interface is an internal circuit allowing communication with an external I2C interface which is an industry standard two line serial interface used for connection to external hardware. These two serial lines are known as a serial data line (SDA) and a serial clock line (SCL). The I2C module provides several data transfer rates of up to 100 kHz in standard mode, up to 400 kHz in the fast mode and up to 1 MHz in the fast mode plus . The I2C module also has an arbitration detect function to prevent the situation where more than one master attempts to transmit data to the I2C bus at the same time. A CRC-8 calculator is also provided in I2C interface to perform packet error checking for I2C data.

3.13. Serial peripheral interface (SPI)

- Up to three SPI interfaces with a frequency of up to 30 MHz
- Support both master and slave mode

- Hardware CRC calculation and transmit automatic CRC error checking
- Quad-SPI configuration available in master mode (only in SPI0)

The SPI interface uses 4 pins, among which are the serial data input and output lines (MISO & MOSI), the clock line (SCK) and the slave select line (NSS). Both SPIs can be served by the DMA controller. The SPI interface may be used for a variety of purposes, including simplex synchronous transfers on two lines with a possible bidirectional data line or reliable communication using CRC checking. Quad-SPI master mode is also supported in SPI0.

3.14. Universal synchronous asynchronous receiver transmitter (USART)

- Up to three USARTs and two UARTs with operating frequency up to 7.5M Bits/s
- Supports both asynchronous and clocked synchronous serial communication modes
- IrDA SIR encoder and decoder support
- LIN break generation and detection
- USARTs support ISO 7816-3 compliant smart card interface

The USART (USART0, USART1 and USART2) and UART (UART3 & UART4) are used to translate data between parallel and serial interfaces, provides a flexible full duplex data exchange using synchronous or asynchronous transfer. It is also commonly used for RS-232 standard communication. The USART/UART includes a programmable baud rate generator which is capable of dividing the system clock to produce a dedicated clock for the USART transmitter and receiver. The USART/UART also supports DMA function for high speed data communication except UART4.

3.15. Inter-IC sound (I2S)

- Two I2S bus Interfaces with sampling frequency from 8 kHz to 192 kHz
- Support either master or slave mode

The Inter-IC sound (I2S) bus provides a standard communication interface for digital audio applications by 3-wire serial lines. GD32F303xx contain two I2S-bus interfaces that can be operated with 16/32 bit resolution in master or slave mode, pin multiplexed with SPI1 and SPI2. The audio sampling frequency from 8 kHz to 192 kHz is supported.

3.16. Universal serial bus full-speed device interface (USB)

- One full-speed USB Interface with frequency up to 12 Mbit/s
- Internal 48 MHz oscillator support crystal-less operation
- Internal main PLL for USB CLK compliantly

The Universal Serial Bus (USB) is a 4-wire bus with 4 bidirectional endpoints. The device

controller enables 12 Mbit/s data exchange with integrated transceivers. Transaction formatting is performed by the hardware, including CRC generation and checking. It supports device modes. Transaction formatting is performed by the hardware, including CRC generation and checking. The status of a completed USB transfer or error condition is indicated by status registers. An interrupt is also generated if enabled. The required precise 48 MHz clock which can be generated from the internal main PLL (the clock source must use an HXTAL crystal oscillator) or by the internal 48 MHz oscillator in automatic trimming mode that allows crystal-less operation.

3.17. Controller area network (CAN)

- One CAN2.0B interface with communication frequency up to 1 Mbit/s
- Internal main PLL for CAN CLK compliantly

Controller area network (CAN) is a method for enabling serial communication in field bus. The CAN protocol has been used extensively in industrial automation and automotive applications. It can receive and transmit standard frames with 11-bit identifiers as well as extended frames with 29-bit identifiers. The CAN has three mailboxes for transmission and two FIFOs of three message deep for reception. It also provides 14 scalable/configurable identifier filter banks for selecting the incoming messages needed and discarding the others.

3.18. Secure digital input and output card interface (SDIO)

- Support SD2.0/SDIO2.0/MMC4.2 host interface

The Secure Digital Input and Output Card Interface (SDIO) provides access to external SD memory cards specifications version 2.0, SDIO card specification version 2.0 and multi-media card system specification version 4.2 with DMA supported. In addition, this interface is also compliant with CE-ATA digital protocol rev1.1.

3.19. External memory controller (EXMC)

- Supported external memory: SRAM, PSRAM, ROM and NOR-Flash, NAND Flash and PC card
- Provide ECC calculating hardware module for NAND Flash memory block
- Up to 16-bit data bus
- Support to interface with Motorola 6800 and Intel 8080 type LCD directly

External memory controller (EXMC) is an abbreviation of external memory controller. It is divided in to several sub-banks for external device support, each sub-bank has its own chip selection signal but at one time, only one bank can be accessed. The EXMC support code execution from external memory except NAND Flash and PC card. The EXMC also can be configured to interface with the most common LCD module of Motorola 6800 and Intel 8080

series and reduce the system cost and complexity.

3.20. Debug mode

- Serial wire JTAG debug port (SWJ-DP)

The ARM® SWJ-DP Interface is embedded and is a combined JTAG and serial wire debug port that enables either a serial wire debug or a JTAG probe to be connected to the target.

3.21. Package and operation temperature

- LQFP144 (GD32F303Zx), LQFP100 (GD32F303Vx), LQFP64 (GD32F303Rx) and LQFP48 (GD32F303Cx)
- Operation temperature range: -40 °C to +105 °C
- Operation temperature range: -40 °C to +85 °C
- Operation temperature range: -20 °C to +85 °C

4. Electrical characteristics

4.1. Absolute maximum ratings

The maximum ratings are the limits to which the device can be subjected without permanently damaging the device. Note that the device is not guaranteed to operate properly at the maximum ratings. Exposure to the absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

Table 4-1. Absolute maximum ratings^{(1) (4)}

Symbol	Parameter	Min	Max	Unit
V_{DD}	External voltage range ⁽²⁾	$V_{SS} - 0.3$	$V_{SS} + 3.6$	V
V_{DDA}	External analog supply voltage	$V_{SSA} - 0.3$	$V_{SSA} + 3.6$	V
V_{BAT}	External battery supply voltage	$V_{SS} - 0.3$	$V_{SS} + 3.6$	V
V_{IN}	Input voltage on 5 V tolerant pin ⁽³⁾	$V_{SS} - 0.3$	$V_{DD} + 3.6$	V
	Input voltage on other I/O	$V_{SS} - 0.3$	3.6	V
$ \Delta V_{DDX} $	Variations between different V_{DD} power pins	—	50	mV
$ V_{SSX} - V_{SS} $	Variations between different ground pins	—	50	mV
I_{IO}	Maximum current for GPIO pins	—	± 25	mA
T_A	Operating temperature range ⁽⁵⁾	-20	+85	°C
		-40	+85	
		-40	+105	
T_{STG}	Storage temperature range	-55	+150	°C
T_J	Maximum junction temperature	—	125	°C

(1). Guaranteed by design, not tested in production.

(2). All main power and ground pins should be connected to an external power source within the allowable range.

(3). V_{IN} maximum value cannot exceed 6.5 V.

(4). It is recommended that V_{DD} and V_{DDA} are powered by the same source. The maximum difference between V_{DD} and V_{DDA} does not exceed 300 mV during power-up and operation.

(5). GD32F303xxx5: Operating temperature range, -20 to +85°C;

GD32F303xxx6: Operating temperature range, -40 to +85°C;

GD32F303xxx7: Operating temperature range, -40 to +105°C.

4.2. Operating conditions characteristics

Table 4-2. DC operating conditions

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min ⁽¹⁾	Typ	Max ⁽¹⁾	Unit
V_{DD}	Supply voltage	—	2.6	3.3	3.6	V
V_{DDA}	Analog supply voltage ADC not used	—	2.6	3.3	3.6	V
	Analog supply voltage ADC used		2.6	3.3	3.6	
V_{BAT}	Battery supply voltage	—	1.8	-	3.6	V

(1). Based on characterization, not tested in production.

Table 4-3. Clock frequency

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Max	Unit
f _{HCLK}	AHB clock frequency	—	—	120	MHz
f _{APB1}	APB1 clock frequency	—	—	60	MHz
f _{APB2}	APB2 clock frequency	—	—	120	MHz

Table 4-4. Operating conditions at Power up/ Power down

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Max	Unit
t _{VDD} ⁽¹⁾	V _{DD} rise time rate	—	0	∞	μs/V
	V _{DD} fall time rate		20	∞	

(1). Based on characterization, not tested in production.

Table 4-5. Start-up timings of Operating conditions

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Typ	Unit
t _{start-up} ⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾⁽³⁾	Start-up time	Clock source from HXTAL	144	ms
		Clock source from IRC8M	144	

(1). Based on characterization, not tested in production.

(2). After power-up, the start-up time is the time between the rising edge of NRST high and the main function.

(3). PLL is off.

Table 4-6. Power saving mode wakeup timings characteristics^{(1) (2)}

Symbol	Parameter	Typ	Unit
t _{Sleep}	Wakeup from Sleep mode	3.4	μs
t _{Deep-sleep}	Wakeup from Deep-sleep mode (LDO ON)	5.8	
	Wakeup from Deep-sleep mode (LDO in low power mode)	5.8	
t _{Standby}	Wakeup from Standby mode	144	ms

(1). Based on characterization, not tested in production.

(2). The wakeup time is measured from the wakeup event to the point at which the application code reads the first instruction under the below conditions: V_{DD} = V_{DDA} = 3.3 V, IRC8M = System clock = 8 MHz.

4.3. Power consumption

The power measurements specified in the tables represent that code with data executing from on-chip Flash with the following specifications.

Table 4-7. Power consumption characteristics^{(1) (2) (3) (4) (5) (6)}

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
I _{DD} +I _{DDA}	Supply current (Run mode)	V _{DD} = V _{DDA} = 3.3 V, HXTAL = 8 MHz, System clock = 120 MHz, All peripherals enabled	—	38.8	—	mA
		V _{DD} = V _{DDA} = 3.3 V, HXTAL = 8 MHz, System clock = 120 MHz, All peripherals disabled	—	25.4	—	mA

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
		$V_{DD} = V_{DDA} = 3.3\text{ V}$, HXTAL = 8 MHz, System clock = 108 MHz, All peripherals enabled	—	35.0	—	mA
		$V_{DD} = V_{DDA} = 3.3\text{ V}$, HXTAL = 8 MHz, System clock = 108 MHz, All peripherals disabled	—	23.0	—	mA
		$V_{DD} = V_{DDA} = 3.3\text{ V}$, HXTAL = 8 MHz, System clock = 96 MHz, All peripherals enabled	—	31.3	—	mA
		$V_{DD} = V_{DDA} = 3.3\text{ V}$, HXTAL = 8 MHz, System clock = 96 MHz, All peripherals disabled	—	20.6	—	mA
		$V_{DD} = V_{DDA} = 3.3\text{ V}$, HXTAL = 8 MHz, System clock = 72 MHz, All peripherals enabled	—	23.9	—	mA
		$V_{DD} = V_{DDA} = 3.3\text{ V}$, HXTAL = 8 MHz, System clock = 72 MHz, All peripherals disabled	—	15.9	—	mA
		$V_{DD} = V_{DDA} = 3.3\text{ V}$, HXTAL = 8 MHz, System clock = 48 MHz, All peripherals enabled	—	16.5	—	mA
		$V_{DD} = V_{DDA} = 3.3\text{ V}$, HXTAL = 8 MHz, System clock = 48 MHz, All peripherals disabled	—	11.1	—	mA
		$V_{DD} = V_{DDA} = 3.3\text{ V}$, HXTAL = 8 MHz, System clock = 36 MHz, All peripherals enabled	—	12.8	—	mA
		$V_{DD} = V_{DDA} = 3.3\text{ V}$, HXTAL = 8 MHz, System clock = 36 MHz, All peripherals disabled	—	8.7	—	mA
		$V_{DD} = V_{DDA} = 3.3\text{ V}$, HXTAL = 8 MHz, System clock = 24 MHz, All peripherals enabled	—	9.0	—	mA
		$V_{DD} = V_{DDA} = 3.3\text{ V}$, HXTAL = 8 MHz, System clock = 24 MHz, All peripherals disabled	—	6.3	—	mA
		$V_{DD} = V_{DDA} = 3.3\text{ V}$, HXTAL = 8 MHz, System clock = 16 MHz, All peripherals enabled	—	6.5	—	mA
		$V_{DD} = V_{DDA} = 3.3\text{ V}$, HXTAL = 8 MHz, System clock = 16 MHz, All peripherals disabled	—	4.7	—	mA

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
		$V_{DD} = V_{DDA} = 3.3\text{ V}$, HXTAL = 8 MHz, System clock = 8 MHz, All peripherals enabled	—	4.0	—	mA
		$V_{DD} = V_{DDA} = 3.3\text{ V}$, HXTAL = 8 MHz, System clock = 8 MHz, All peripherals disabled	—	3.2	—	mA
		$V_{DD} = V_{DDA} = 3.3\text{ V}$, HXTAL = 4 MHz, System clock = 4 MHz, All peripherals enabled	—	1.7	—	mA
		$V_{DD} = V_{DDA} = 3.3\text{ V}$, HXTAL = 4 MHz, System clock = 4 MHz, All peripherals disabled	—	1.2	—	mA
		$V_{DD} = V_{DDA} = 3.3\text{ V}$, HXTAL = 2 MHz, System clock = 2 MHz, All peripherals enabled	—	1.0	—	mA
		$V_{DD} = V_{DDA} = 3.3\text{ V}$, HXTAL = 2 MHz, System Clock = 2 MHz, All peripherals disabled	—	0.8	—	mA
	Supply current (Sleep mode)	$V_{DD} = V_{DDA} = 3.3\text{ V}$, HXTAL = 8 MHz, System Clock = 120 MHz, CPU clock off, All peripherals enabled	—	24.8	—	mA
		$V_{DD} = V_{DDA} = 3.3\text{ V}$, HXTAL = 8 MHz, System Clock = 120 MHz, CPU clock off, All peripherals disabled	—	10.2	—	mA
		$V_{DD} = V_{DDA} = 3.3\text{ V}$, HXTAL = 8 MHz, System Clock = 108 MHz, CPU clock off, All peripherals enabled	—	22.5	—	mA
		$V_{DD} = V_{DDA} = 3.3\text{ V}$, HXTAL = 8 MHz, System Clock = 108 MHz, CPU clock off, All peripherals disabled	—	9.3	—	mA
		$V_{DD} = V_{DDA} = 3.3\text{ V}$, HXTAL = 8 MHz, System Clock = 96 MHz, CPU clock off, All peripherals enabled	—	20.2	—	mA
		$V_{DD} = V_{DDA} = 3.3\text{ V}$, HXTAL = 8 MHz, System Clock = 96 MHz, CPU clock off, All peripherals disabled	—	8.4	—	mA
		$V_{DD} = V_{DDA} = 3.3\text{ V}$, HXTAL = 8 MHz, System Clock = 72 MHz, CPU clock off, All peripherals enabled	—	15.5	—	mA
		$V_{DD} = V_{DDA} = 3.3\text{ V}$, HXTAL = 8 MHz, System Clock = 72 MHz, CPU clock off, All peripherals disabled	—	6.7	—	mA

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
		$V_{DD} = V_{DDA} = 3.3\text{ V}$, HXTAL = 8 MHz, System Clock = 48 MHz, CPU clock off, All peripherals enabled	—	10.9	—	mA
		$V_{DD} = V_{DDA} = 3.3\text{ V}$, HXTAL = 8 MHz, System Clock = 48 MHz, CPU clock off, All peripherals disabled	—	5.0	—	mA
		$V_{DD} = V_{DDA} = 3.3\text{ V}$, HXTAL = 8 MHz, System Clock = 36 MHz, CPU clock off, All peripherals enabled	—	8.6	—	mA
		$V_{DD} = V_{DDA} = 3.3\text{ V}$, HXTAL = 8 MHz, System Clock = 36 MHz, CPU clock off, All peripherals disabled	—	4.1	—	mA
		$V_{DD} = V_{DDA} = 3.3\text{ V}$, HXTAL = 8 MHz, System Clock = 24 MHz, CPU clock off, All peripherals enabled	—	6.2	—	mA
		$V_{DD} = V_{DDA} = 3.3\text{ V}$, HXTAL = 8 MHz, System Clock = 24 MHz, CPU clock off, All peripherals disabled	—	3.3	—	mA
		$V_{DD} = V_{DDA} = 3.3\text{ V}$, HXTAL = 8 MHz, System Clock = 16 MHz, CPU clock off, All peripherals enabled	—	4.7	—	mA
		$V_{DD} = V_{DDA} = 3.3\text{ V}$, HXTAL = 8 MHz, System Clock = 16 MHz, CPU clock off, All peripherals disabled	—	2.7	—	mA
		$V_{DD} = V_{DDA} = 3.3\text{ V}$, HXTAL = 8 MHz, System Clock = 8 MHz, CPU clock off, All peripherals enabled	—	3.1	—	mA
		$V_{DD} = V_{DDA} = 3.3\text{ V}$, HXTAL = 8 MHz, System Clock = 8 MHz, CPU clock off, All peripherals disabled	—	2.1	—	mA
		$V_{DD} = V_{DDA} = 3.3\text{ V}$, HXTAL = 4 MHz, System Clock = 4 MHz, CPU clock off, All peripherals enabled	—	1.2	—	mA
		$V_{DD} = V_{DDA} = 3.3\text{ V}$, HXTAL = 4 MHz, System Clock = 4 MHz, CPU clock off, All peripherals disabled	—	0.7	—	mA
		$V_{DD} = V_{DDA} = 3.3\text{ V}$, HXTAL = 2 MHz, System Clock = 2 MHz, CPU clock off, All peripherals enabled	—	0.8	—	mA
		$V_{DD} = V_{DDA} = 3.3\text{ V}$, HXTAL = 2 MHz, System Clock = 2 MHz, CPU clock off, All peripherals disabled	—	0.6	—	mA
		$V_{DD} = V_{DDA} = 3.3\text{ V}$, LDO in run mode, LSI off, RTC off, All GPIOs analog mode	—	181.7	1100	μA

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
	Supply current (Deep-Sleep mode)	$V_{DD} = V_{DDA} = 3.3\text{ V}$, LDO in low power mode, LSI off, RTC off, All GPIOs analog mode	—	152.7	1100	μA
		$V_{DD} = V_{DDA} = 3.3\text{ V}$, Main LDO in under drive mode, LSI off, RTC off, All GPIOs analog mode	—	154.4	1100	μA
		$V_{DD} = V_{DDA} = 3.3\text{ V}$, Low Power LDO in under drive mode, LSI off, RTC off, All GPIOs analog mode	—	125.3	1100	μA
	Supply current (Standby mode)	$V_{DD} = V_{DDA} = 3.3\text{ V}$, LXTAL off, IRC40K on, RTC on	—	5.3	11	μA
		$V_{DD} = V_{DDA} = 3.3\text{ V}$, LXTAL off, IRC40K on, RTC off	—	5.0	11	μA
		$V_{DD} = V_{DDA} = 3.3\text{ V}$, LXTAL off, IRC40K off, RTC off	—	4.4	11	μA
I_{BAT}	Battery supply current (Backup mode)	V_{DD} off, V_{DDA} off, $V_{BAT} = 3.6\text{ V}$, LXTAL on with external crystal, RTC on, LXTAL High driving	—	1.7	—	μA
		V_{DD} off, V_{DDA} off, $V_{BAT} = 3.3\text{ V}$, LXTAL on with external crystal, RTC on, LXTAL High driving	—	1.5	—	μA
		V_{DD} off, V_{DDA} off, $V_{BAT} = 2.6\text{ V}$, LXTAL on with external crystal, RTC on, LXTAL High driving	—	1.4	—	μA
		V_{DD} off, V_{DDA} off, $V_{BAT} = 1.8\text{ V}$, LXTAL on with external crystal, RTC on, LXTAL High driving	—	1.1	—	μA
		V_{DD} off, V_{DDA} off, $V_{BAT} = 3.6\text{ V}$, LXTAL on with external crystal, RTC on, LXTAL Medium High driving	—	1.4	—	μA
		V_{DD} off, V_{DDA} off, $V_{BAT} = 3.3\text{ V}$, LXTAL on with external crystal, RTC on, LXTAL Medium High driving	—	1.2	—	μA
		V_{DD} off, V_{DDA} off, $V_{BAT} = 2.6\text{ V}$, LXTAL on with external crystal, RTC on, LXTAL Medium High driving	—	1.1	—	μA
		V_{DD} off, V_{DDA} off, $V_{BAT} = 1.8\text{ V}$, LXTAL on with external crystal, RTC on, LXTAL Medium High driving	—	0.9	—	μA
		V_{DD} off, V_{DDA} off, $V_{BAT} = 3.6\text{ V}$, LXTAL on with external crystal, RTC on, LXTAL Medium Low driving	—	1.1	—	μA

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
		V _{DD} off, V _{DDA} off, V _{BAT} = 3.3 V, LXTAL on with external crystal, RTC on, LXTAL Medium Low driving	—	0.9	—	μA
		V _{DD} off, V _{DDA} off, V _{BAT} = 2.6 V, LXTAL on with external crystal, RTC on, LXTAL Medium Low driving	—	0.8	—	μA
		V _{DD} off, V _{DDA} off, V _{BAT} = 1.8 V, LXTAL on with external crystal, RTC on, LXTAL Medium Low driving	—	0.6	—	μA
		V _{DD} off, V _{DDA} off, V _{BAT} = 3.6 V, LXTAL on with external crystal, RTC on, LXTAL Low driving	—	1.0	—	μA
		V _{DD} off, V _{DDA} off, V _{BAT} = 3.3 V, LXTAL on with external crystal, RTC on, LXTAL Low driving	—	0.9	—	μA
		V _{DD} off, V _{DDA} off, V _{BAT} = 2.6 V, LXTAL on with external crystal, RTC on, LXTAL Low driving	—	0.7	—	μA
		V _{DD} off, V _{DDA} off, V _{BAT} = 1.8 V, LXTAL on with external crystal, RTC on, LXTAL Low driving	—	0.5	—	μA

(1). Based on characterization, not tested in production.

(2). Unless otherwise specified, all values given for T_A = 25 °C and test result is mean value.

(3). When System Clock is less than 4 MHz, an external source is used, and the HXTAL bypass function is needed, no PLL.

(4). When System Clock is greater than 8 MHz, a crystal 8 MHz is used, and the HXTAL bypass function is closed, using PLL.

(5). When analog peripheral blocks such as ADCs, DACs, HXTAL, LXTAL, IRC8M, or IRC40K are ON, an additional power consumption should be considered.

(6). The power measurements specified in the tables represent that code with data executing from on-chip Flash with the following specifications.

Table 4-8. Peripheral current consumption characteristics⁽¹⁾

Peripherals ⁽⁴⁾		Typical consumption at 25 °C (TYP)	Unit
APB1	DAC ⁽²⁾	0.81	mA
	PMU	1.41	
	BKPI	1.93	
	CAN0	1.41	
	USB0	0.6	
	I2C1	1.23	
	I2C0	1.21	
	UART4	1.24	
	UART3	1.25	
	USART2	1.23	
USART1	1.24		

Peripherals ⁽⁴⁾		Typical consumption at 25 °C (TYP)	Unit
	SPI2	1.17	
	SPI1	1.23	
	WWDGT	1.13	
	TIMER13	1.47	
	TIMER12	1.44	
	TIMER11	1.47	
	TIMER6	1.14	
	TIMER5	1.12	
	TIMER4	1.52	
	TIMER3	2.25	
	TIMER2	2.23	
	TIMER1	2.25	
ADDAPB1	CTC	1.13	
APB2	TIMER10	2.25	
	TIMER9	2.23	
	TIMER8	2.24	
	ADC2 ⁽³⁾	0.83	
	USART0	2.15	
	TIMER7	2.66	
	SPI0	1.87	
	TIMER0	2.63	
	ADC1 ⁽³⁾	0.8	
	ADC0 ⁽³⁾	0.8	
	GPIOG	1.99	
	GPIOF	2	
	GPIOE	1.99	
	GPIOD	2	
	GPIOC	2	
	GPIOB	2	
GPIOA	1.29		
AHB	SDIO	1.89	
	EXMC	1.9	
	CRC	1.81	
	DMA1	1.48	
	DMA0	1.61	

(1). Based on characterization, not tested in production.

(2). DEN0 and DEN1 bits in the DAC_CTL register are set to 1, and the converted value set to 0x800.

(3). system clock = $f_{HCLK} = 120$ MHz, $f_{APB1} = f_{HCLK}/2$, $f_{APB2} = f_{HCLK}$, $f_{ADCCLK} = f_{APB2}/2$, ADON bit is set to 1.

(4). If there is no other description, then HXTAL = 8 MHz, system clock = $f_{HCLK} = 120$ MHz, $f_{APB1} = f_{HCLK}/2$,
 $f_{APB2} = f_{HCLK}$.

4.4. EMC characteristics

EMS (electromagnetic susceptibility) includes ESD (Electrostatic discharge, positive and negative) and FTB (Burst of Fast Transient voltage, positive and negative) testing result is given in the [Table 4-9. EMS characteristics^{\(1\)}](#), based on the EMS levels and classes compliant with IEC 61000 series standard.

Table 4-9. EMS characteristics⁽¹⁾

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Level/Class
V _{ESD}	Voltage applied to all device pins to induce a functional disturbance	V _{DD} = 3.3 V, T _A = +25 °C LQFP144, f _{HCLK} = 120 MHz conforms to IEC 61000-4-2	3A
V _{FTB}	Fast transient voltage burst applied to induce a functional disturbance through 100 pF on V _{DD} and V _{SS} pins	V _{DD} = 3.3 V, T _A = +25 °C LQFP144, f _{HCLK} = 120 MHz conforms to IEC 61000-4-4	4A

(1). Based on characterization, not tested in production.

4.5. Power supply supervisor characteristics

Table 4-10. Power supply supervisor characteristics⁽¹⁾

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
V _{LVD}	Low voltage Detector level selection	LVDT<2:0> = 000(rising edge)	—	2.15	—	V
		LVDT<2:0> = 000(falling edge)	—	2.04	—	
		LVDT<2:0> = 001(rising edge)	—	2.29	—	
		LVDT<2:0> = 001(falling edge)	—	2.19	—	
		LVDT<2:0> = 010(rising edge)	—	2.43	—	
		LVDT<2:0> = 010(falling edge)	—	2.33	—	
		LVDT<2:0> = 011(rising edge)	—	2.57	—	
		LVDT<2:0> = 011(falling edge)	—	2.47	—	
		LVDT<2:0> = 100(rising edge)	—	2.71	—	
		LVDT<2:0> = 100(falling edge)	—	2.6	—	
		LVDT<2:0> = 101(rising edge)	—	2.85	—	
		LVDT<2:0> = 101(falling edge)	—	2.74	—	
		LVDT<2:0> = 110(rising edge)	—	2.99	—	
		LVDT<2:0> = 110(falling edge)	—	2.89	—	

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
		LVDT<2:0> = 111(rising edge)	—	3.13	—	
		LVDT<2:0> = 111(falling edge)	—	3.03	—	
V _{LVDhyst}	LVD hysteresis	—	—	103	—	mV
V _{POR}	Power on reset threshold	—	—	2.38	—	V
V _{PDR}	Power down reset threshold		—	1.82	—	V
V _{HYST}	PDR hysteresis		—	0.56	—	V
T _{RSTTEMP}	Reset temporization		—	2.7	—	ms

(1). Based on characterization, not tested in production.

4.6. Electrical sensitivity

The device is strained in order to determine its performance in terms of electrical sensitivity. Electrostatic discharges (ESD) are applied directly to the pins of the sample. Static latch-up (LU) test is based on the two measurement methods.

Table 4-11. ESD characteristics⁽¹⁾

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max2	Unit
V _{ESD(HBM)}	Electrostatic discharge voltage (human body model)	T _A = 25 °C; JESD22-A114	—	—	4000	V
V _{ESD(CDM)}	Electrostatic discharge voltage (charge device model)	T _A = 25 °C; JESD22-C101	—	—	800	V

(1). Based on characterization, not tested in production.

Table 4-12. Static latch-up characteristics⁽¹⁾

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max2	Unit
LU	I-test	T _A = 25 °C; JESD78	—	—	±200	mA
	V _{supply} over voltage		—	—	5.4	V

(1). Based on characterization, not tested in production.

4.7. External clock characteristics

Table 4-13. High speed external clock (HXTAL) generated from a crystal/ceramic characteristics

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
f _{HXTAL} ⁽¹⁾	Crystal or ceramic frequency	2.6 V ≤ V _{DD} ≤ 3.6 V	4	8	32	MHz
R _F ⁽²⁾	Feedback resistor	V _{DD} = 3.3 V	—	400	—	kΩ
C _{HXTAL} ^{(2) (3)}	Recommended matching	—	—	20	30	pF

	capacitance on OSCIN and OSCOUT					
Ducy _(HXTAL) ⁽²⁾	Crystal or ceramic duty cycle	—	30	50	70	%
I _{DDHXTAL} ⁽¹⁾	Crystal or ceramic operating current	V _{DD} = 3.3 V, T _A = 25 °C	—	1.1	—	mA
t _{SUHXTAL} ⁽¹⁾	Crystal or ceramic startup time	V _{DD} = 3.3 V, T _A = 25 °C	—	1.8	—	ms

(1). Based on characterization, not tested in production.

(2). Guaranteed by design, not tested in production.

(3). $C_{HXTAL1} = C_{HXTAL2} = 2 * (C_{LOAD} - C_S)$, For C_{HXTAL1} and C_{HXTAL2} , it is recommended matching capacitance on OSCIN and OSCOUT. For C_{LOAD} , it is crystal/ceramic load capacitance, provided by the crystal or ceramic manufacturer. For C_S , it is PCB and MCU pin stray capacitance.

Table 4-14. High speed external clock characteristics (HXTAL in bypass mode)

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
f _{HXTAL_ext} ⁽¹⁾	External clock source or oscillator frequency	V _{DD} = 3.3 V	1	—	50	MHz
V _{HXTALH} ⁽²⁾	OSCIN input pin high level voltage	V _{DD} = 3.3 V	0.7V _{DD}	—	V _{DD}	V
V _{HXTALL} ⁽²⁾	OSCIN input pin low level voltage		V _{SS}	—	0.3V _{DD}	V
t _{H/L} (HXTAL) ⁽²⁾	OSCIN high or low time	—	5	—	—	ns
t _{R/F} (HXTAL) ⁽²⁾	OSCIN rise or fall time	—	—	—	10	ns
C _{IN} ⁽¹⁾	OSCIN input capacitance	—	—	5	—	pF
Ducy _(HXTAL) ⁽²⁾	Duty cycle	—	40	—	60	%

(1). Based on characterization, not tested in production.

(2). Guaranteed by design, not tested in production.

Table 4-15. Low speed external clock (LXTAL) generated from a crystal/ceramic characteristics

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
f _{LXTAL} ⁽¹⁾	Crystal or ceramic frequency	—	—	32.768	—	kHz
C _{LXTAL} ^{(2) (3)}	Recommended matching capacitance on OSC32IN and OSC32OUT	—	—	15	—	pF
Ducy _(LXTAL) ⁽²⁾	Crystal or ceramic duty cycle	—	30	—	70	%
I _{DDLXTAL} ⁽¹⁾	Crystal or ceramic operating current	LXTALDRI[1:0] = 00	—	0.6	—	μA
		LXTALDRI[1:0] = 01	—	0.7	—	
		LXTALDRI[1:0] = 10	—	1.0	—	
		LXTALDRI[1:0] = 11	—	1.3	—	
t _{SULXTAL} ^{(1) (4)}	Crystal or ceramic startup time	—	—	1.8	—	s

(1). Based on characterization, not tested in production.

(2). Guaranteed by design, not tested in production.

(3). $C_{LXTAL1} = C_{LXTAL2} = 2 * (C_{LOAD} - C_S)$, For C_{LXTAL1} and C_{LXTAL2} , it is recommended matching capacitance on OSC32IN and OSC32OUT. For C_{LOAD} , it is crystal/ceramic load capacitance, provided by the crystal or ceramic

manufacturer. For C_s , it is PCB and MCU pin stray capacitance.

- (4). $t_{SULXTAL}$ is the startup time measured from the moment it is enabled (by software) to the 32.768 kHz oscillator stabilization flags is SET. This value varies significantly with the crystal manufacturer.

Table 4-16. Low speed external user clock characteristics (LXTAL in bypass mode)

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
f_{LXTAL_ext}	External clock source or oscillator frequency	—	—	32.768	1000	kHz
$V_{LXTALH}^{(1)}$	OSC32IN input pin high level voltage	—	$0.7V_{DD}$	—	V_{DD}	V
$V_{LXTALL}^{(1)}$	OSC32IN input pin low level voltage	—	V_{SS}	—	$0.3V_{DD}$	
$t_{H/L(LXTAL)}^{(1)}$	OSC32IN high or low time	—	450	—	—	ns
$t_{R/F(LXTAL)}^{(1)}$	OSC32IN rise or fall time	—	—	—	50	
$C_{IN}^{(1)}$	OSC32IN input capacitance	—	—	5	—	pF
$Ducy_{(LXTAL)}^{(1)}$	Duty cycle	—	30	50	70	%

(1). Guaranteed by design, not tested in production.

4.8. Internal clock characteristics

Table 4-17. High speed internal clock (IRC8M) characteristics

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
f_{IRC8M}	High Speed Internal Oscillator (IRC8M) frequency	$V_{DD} = V_{DDA} = 3.3 V$	—	8	—	MHz
ACC_{IRC8M}	IRC8M oscillator Frequency accuracy, Factory-trimmed	$V_{DD} = V_{DDA} = 3.3 V, T_A = -40^{\circ}C \sim +105^{\circ}C^{(1)}$	-2.5	—	+2.5	%
		$V_{DD} = V_{DDA} = 3.3 V, T_A = 0^{\circ}C \sim +85^{\circ}C^{(1)}$	-1.8	—	+1.8	%
		$V_{DD} = V_{DDA} = 3.3 V, T_A = 25^{\circ}C$	-1.0	—	+1.0	%
	IRC8M oscillator Frequency accuracy, User trimming step ⁽¹⁾	—	—	0.5	—	%
$Ducy_{IRC8M}^{(2)}$	IRC8M oscillator duty cycle	$V_{DD} = V_{DDA} = 3.3 V, f_{IRC8M} = 8 MHz$	45	50	55	%
$I_{DDAIRC8M}^{(1)}$	IRC8M oscillator operating current	$V_{DD} = V_{DDA} = 3.3 V, f_{IRC8M} = 8 MHz$	—	66	—	μA
$t_{SUIRC8M}^{(1)}$	IRC8M oscillator startup time	$V_{DD} = V_{DDA} = 3.3 V, f_{IRC8M} = 8 MHz$	—	3	—	μs

(1). Based on characterization, not tested in production.

(2). Guaranteed by design, not tested in production.

Table 4-18. Low speed internal clock (IRC40K) characteristics

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
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$f_{IRC40K}^{(1)}$	Low Speed Internal oscillator (IRC40K) frequency	$V_{DD} = V_{DDA} = 3.3\text{ V}$, $T_A = -40^\circ\text{C} \sim +85^\circ\text{C}$	20	40	45	kHz
$I_{DDAIRC40K}^{(2)}$	IRC40K oscillator operating current	$V_{DD} = V_{DDA} = 3.3\text{ V}$, $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$	—	0.4	—	μA
$t_{SUIRC40K}^{(2)}$	IRC40K oscillator startup time	$V_{DD} = V_{DDA} = 3.3\text{ V}$, $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$	—	110	—	μs

(1). Guaranteed by design, not tested in production.

(2). Based on characterization, not tested in production.

Table 4-19. High speed internal clock (IRC48M) characteristics

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
f_{IRC48M}	High Speed Internal Oscillator (IRC48M) frequency	$V_{DD} = 3.3\text{ V}$	—	48	—	MHz
ACC_{IRC48M}	IRC48M oscillator Frequency accuracy, Factory-trimmed	$V_{DD} = V_{DDA} = 3.3\text{ V}$, $T_A = -40^\circ\text{C} \sim +105^\circ\text{C}^{(1)}$	-4.0	—	+5.0	%
		$V_{DD} = V_{DDA} = 3.3\text{ V}$, $T_A = 0^\circ\text{C} \sim +85^\circ\text{C}^{(1)}$	-3.0	—	+3.0	%
		$V_{DD} = V_{DDA} = 3.3\text{ V}$, $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$	-2.0	—	+2.0	%
	IRC48M oscillator Frequency accuracy, User trimming step ⁽¹⁾	—	—	0.12	—	%
$D_{IRC48M}^{(2)}$	IRC48M oscillator duty cycle	$V_{DD} = V_{DDA} = 3.3\text{ V}$, $f_{IRC48M} = 48\text{ MHz}$	45	50	55	%
$I_{DDAIRC48M}^{(1)}$	IRC48M oscillator operating current	$V_{DD} = V_{DDA} = 3.3\text{ V}$, $f_{IRC48M} = 48\text{ MHz}$	—	240	—	μA
$t_{SUIRC48M}^{(1)}$	IRC48M oscillator startup time	$V_{DD} = V_{DDA} = 3.3\text{ V}$, $f_{IRC48M} = 48\text{ MHz}$	—	2.5	—	μs

(1). Based on characterization, not tested in production.

(2). Guaranteed by design, not tested in production.

4.9. PLL characteristics

Table 4-20. PLL characteristics

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
$f_{PLLIN}^{(1)}$	PLL input clock frequency	—	1	—	25	MHz
f_{PLLOUT}	PLL output clock frequency	—	16	—	120	MHz
f_{VCO}	PLL VCO output clock frequency	—	32	—	240	MHz
$t_{LOCK}^{(2)}$	PLL lock time	—	—	—	300	μs
$I_{DD}^{(1)}$	Current consumption on V_{DD}	VCO freq = 240 MHz	—	940	—	μA
$I_{DDA}^{(1)}$	Current consumption on V_{DDA}	VCO freq = 240 MHz	—	450	—	μA

	V_{DDA}					
Jitter _{PLL} ⁽¹⁾⁽³⁾	Cycle to cycle Jitter (rms)	System clock	—	35	—	ps
	Cycle to cycle Jitter (peak to peak)		—	371	—	

(1). Based on characterization, not tested in production.

(2). Guaranteed by design, not tested in production.

(3). Value given with main PLL running.

4.10. Memory characteristics

Table 4-21. Flash memory characteristics

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min ⁽¹⁾	Typ ⁽¹⁾	Max ⁽²⁾	Unit
PE _{CYC}	Number of guaranteed program /erase cycles before failure (Endurance)	—	100	—	—	kcycles
t _{RET}	Data retention time	—	—	20	—	years
w _T PROG	Word programming time	T _A = -40 °C ~ +85 °C	—	37.5	86	μs
t _{ERASE}	Page erase time	T _A = -40 °C ~ +85 °C	—	45	300	ms
t _{MERASE(256K)}	Mass erase time	T _A = -40 °C ~ +85 °C	—	1	3.2	s
t _{MERASE(512K)}	Mass erase time	T _A = -40 °C ~ +85 °C	—	4	19.2/32 ⁽³⁾	s
t _{MERASE(1MB)}	Mass erase time	T _A = -40 °C ~ +85 °C	—	6	28.8/48 ⁽⁴⁾	s
t _{MERASE(2MB)}	Mass erase time	T _A = -40 °C ~ +85 °C	—	10	48/80 ⁽⁵⁾	s
t _{MERASE(3MB)}	Mass erase time	T _A = -40 °C ~ +85 °C	—	14	67.2/112 ⁽⁶⁾	s

(1). Based on characterization, not tested in production.

(2). Guaranteed by design, not tested in production.

(3). Max value with <50K cycles is 19.2s and >50K & <100K cycles is 32s.

(4). Max value with <50K cycles is 28.8s and >50K & <100K cycles is 48s.

(5). Max value with <50K cycles is 48s and >50K & <100K cycles is 80s.

(6). Max value with <50K cycles is 67.2s and >50K & <100K cycles is 112s.

4.11. NRST pin characteristics

Table 4-22. NRST pin characteristics

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
V _{IL(NRST)} ⁽¹⁾	NRST Input low level voltage	V _{DD} = V _{DDA} = 2.6 V	-0.5	—	1	V
V _{IH(NRST)} ⁽¹⁾	NRST Input high level voltage		1.65	—	V _{DD} + 0.5	
V _{hyst} ⁽¹⁾	Schmidt trigger Voltage hysteresis		—	400	—	
V _{IL(NRST)} ⁽¹⁾	NRST Input low level voltage	V _{DD} = V _{DDA} = 3.3 V	-0.5	—	1.3	V
V _{IH(NRST)} ⁽¹⁾	NRST Input high level voltage		2	—	V _{DD} + 0.5	
V _{hyst} ⁽¹⁾	Schmidt trigger Voltage hysteresis		—	450	—	
V _{IL(NRST)} ⁽¹⁾	NRST Input low level voltage	V _{DD} = V _{DDA} = 3.6 V	-0.5	—	1.4	V
V _{IH(NRST)} ⁽¹⁾	NRST Input high level voltage		2.2	—	V _{DD} + 0.5	
V _{hyst} ⁽¹⁾	Schmidt trigger Voltage hysteresis		—	460	—	

$R_{pu}^{(2)}$	Pull-up equivalent resistor	—	—	40	—	k Ω
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(1). Based on characterization, not tested in production.

(2). Guaranteed by design, not tested in production.

4.12. GPIO characteristics

Table 4-23. I/O port DC characteristics⁽¹⁾

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Unit	
V_{IL}	Standard IO Low level input voltage	$V_{DD} = 2.6\text{ V}$	—	—	0.87	V	
		$V_{DD} = 3.3\text{ V}$	—	—	1.16		
		$V_{DD} = 3.6\text{ V}$	—	—	1.28		
	5V-tolerant IO Low level input voltage	$V_{DD} = 2.6\text{ V}$	—	—	0.88	V	
		$V_{DD} = 3.3\text{ V}$	—	—	1.16		
		$V_{DD} = 3.6\text{ V}$	—	—	1.27		
V_{IH}	Standard IO High level input voltage	$V_{DD} = 2.6\text{ V}$	1.84	—	—	V	
		$V_{DD} = 3.3\text{ V}$	2.16	—	—		
		$V_{DD} = 3.6\text{ V}$	2.3	—	—		
	5V-tolerant IO High level input voltage	$V_{DD} = 2.6\text{ V}$	1.8	—	—	V	
		$V_{DD} = 3.3\text{ V}$	2.16	—	—		
		$V_{DD} = 3.6\text{ V}$	2.27	—	—		
V_{OL}	Low level output voltage for an IO Pin ($I_{IO} = +8\text{mA}$)	$V_{DD} = 2.6\text{ V}$	—	—	0.17	V	
		$V_{DD} = 3.3\text{ V}$	—	—	0.16		
		$V_{DD} = 3.6\text{ V}$	—	—	0.15		
V_{OL}	Low level output voltage for an IO Pin ($I_{IO} = +20\text{mA}$)	$V_{DD} = 2.6\text{ V}$	—	—	0.49	V	
		$V_{DD} = 3.3\text{ V}$	—	—	0.4		
		$V_{DD} = 3.6\text{ V}$	—	—	0.34		
V_{OH}	High level output voltage for an IO Pin ($I_{IO} = +8\text{mA}$)	$V_{DD} = 2.6\text{ V}$	2.4	—	—	V	
		$V_{DD} = 3.3\text{ V}$	3.15	—	—		
		$V_{DD} = 3.6\text{ V}$	3.44	—	—		
V_{OH}	High level output voltage for an IO Pin ($I_{IO} = +20\text{mA}$)	$V_{DD} = 2.6\text{ V}$	2.02	—	—	V	
		$V_{DD} = 3.3\text{ V}$	2.8	—	—		
		$V_{DD} = 3.6\text{ V}$	3.15	—	—		
$R_{PU}^{(2)}$	Internal pull-up resistor	All pins	$V_{IN} = V_{SS}$	30	40	50	k Ω
		PA10	—	7.5	10	13.5	
$R_{PD}^{(2)}$	Internal pull-down resistor	All pins	$V_{IN} = V_{DD}$	30	40	50	k Ω
		PA10	—	7.5	10	13.5	

(1). Based on characterization, not tested in production.

(2). Guaranteed by design, not tested in production.

Table 4-24. I/O port AC characteristics⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾

GPIOx_MDy[1:0] bit value ⁽³⁾	Parameter	Conditions	Max	Unit
GPIOx_CTL->MDy[1:0]=10 (IO_Speed = 2MHz)	Maximum frequency ⁽⁴⁾	$2.6 \leq V_{DD} \leq 3.6\text{ V}$, $C_L = 10\text{ pF}$	15	MHz
		$2.6 \leq V_{DD} \leq 3.6\text{ V}$, $C_L = 30\text{ pF}$	10	

GPIOx_MDy[1:0] bit value ⁽³⁾	Parameter	Conditions	Max	Unit
		$2.6 \leq V_{DD} \leq 3.6 \text{ V}, C_L = 50 \text{ pF}$	8	
GPIOx_CTL->MDy[1:0] = 01 (IO_Speed = 10MHz)	Maximum frequency ⁽⁴⁾	$2.6 \leq V_{DD} \leq 3.6 \text{ V}, C_L = 10 \text{ pF}$	50	MHz
		$2.6 \leq V_{DD} \leq 3.6 \text{ V}, C_L = 30 \text{ pF}$	25	
		$2.6 \leq V_{DD} \leq 3.6 \text{ V}, C_L = 50 \text{ pF}$	15	
GPIOx_CTL->MDy[1:0]=11 (IO_Speed = 50MHz)	Maximum frequency ⁽⁴⁾	$2.6 \leq V_{DD} \leq 3.6 \text{ V}, C_L = 10 \text{ pF}$	100	MHz
		$2.6 \leq V_{DD} \leq 3.6 \text{ V}, C_L = 30 \text{ pF}$	70	
		$2.6 \leq V_{DD} \leq 3.6 \text{ V}, C_L = 50 \text{ pF}$	50	
GPIOx_CTL->MDy[1:0]=11 and GPIOx_SPDy=1 (IO_Speed = MAX)	Maximum frequency ⁽⁴⁾	$2.6 \leq V_{DD} \leq 3.6 \text{ V}, C_L = 10 \text{ pF}$	120	MHz
		$2.6 \leq V_{DD} \leq 3.6 \text{ V}, C_L = 30 \text{ pF}$	100	
		$2.6 \leq V_{DD} \leq 3.6 \text{ V}, C_L = 50 \text{ pF}$	60	

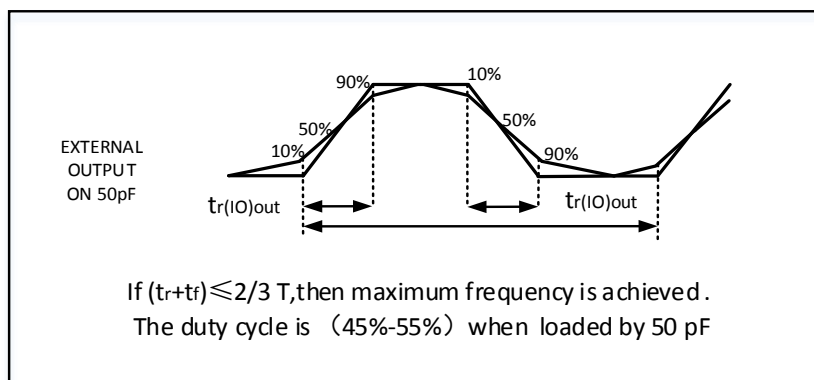
(1). Based on characterization, not tested in production.

(2). Unless otherwise specified, all test results given for $T_A = 25 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$.

(3). The I/O speed is configured using the GPIOx_CTL -> MDy[1:0] bits. Refer to the GD32E103xx user manual which is selected to set the GPIO port output speed.

(4). The maximum frequency is defined in Figure 4-1.

Figure 4-1. I/O port AC characteristics definition



4.13. ADC characteristics

Table 4-25. ADC characteristics

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
$V_{DDA}^{(1)}$	Operating voltage	—	2.6	3.3	3.6	V
$V_{IN}^{(1)}$	ADC input voltage range	—	0	—	V_{REF+}	V
$f_{ADC}^{(1)}$	ADC clock	—	0.1	—	40	MHz
$f_s^{(1)}$	Sampling rate	12-bit	0.007	—	2.86	MSP S
		10-bit	0.008	—	3.33	
		8-bit	0.01	—	4	
		6-bit	0.012	—	5	
$V_{AIN}^{(1)}$	Analog input voltage	16 external; 2 internal	0	—	V_{DDA}	V
$V_{REF+}^{(2)}$	Positive Reference Voltage	—	2.4	—	V_{DDA}	V
$V_{REF-}^{(2)}$	Negative Reference Voltage	—	—	V_{SSA}	—	V

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
R _{AIN} ⁽²⁾	External input impedance	See Equation 1	—	—	32.9	kΩ
R _{ADC} ⁽²⁾	Input sampling switch resistance	—	—	—	0.55	kΩ
C _{ADC} ⁽²⁾	Input sampling capacitance	No pin/pad capacitance included	—	—	5.5	pF
t _{CAL} ⁽²⁾	Calibration time	f _{ADC} = 40 MHz	—	3.275	—	μs
t _s ⁽²⁾	Sampling time	f _{ADC} = 40 MHz	0.0375	—	5.99	μs
t _{CONV} ⁽²⁾	Total conversion time(including sampling time)	12-bit	—	14	—	1/ f _{ADC}
		10-bit	—	12	—	
		8-bit	—	10	—	
		6-bit	—	8	—	
t _{SU} ⁽²⁾	Startup time	—	—	—	1	μs

(1). Based on characterization, not tested in production.

(2). Guaranteed by design, not tested in production.

Equation 1: R_{AIN} max formula $R_{AIN} < \frac{T_s}{f_{ADC} \cdot C_{ADC} \cdot \ln(2^{N+2})} - R_{ADC}$

The formula above (Equation 1) is used to determine the maximum external impedance allowed for an error below 1/4 of LSB. Here N=12 (from 12-bit resolution).

Table 4-26. ADC R_{AIN} max for f_{ADC} = 40MHz

T _s (cycles)	t _s (μs)	R _{AIN} max (kΩ)
1.5	0.0375	0.15
7.5	0.1875	2.96
13.5	0.3375	5.77
28.5	0.7125	12.8
41.5	1.0375	18.9
55.5	1.3875	25.4
71.5	1.7875	32.9
239.5	5.9875	N/A

Table 4-27. ADC dynamic accuracy at f_{ADC} = 14 MHz⁽¹⁾

Symbol	Parameter	Test conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
ENOB	Effective number of bits	f _{ADC} = 14 MHz	—	10.8	—	bits
SNDR	Signal-to-noise and distortion ratio	V _{DDA} = V _{REF+} = 3.3 V	—	66.7	—	dB
SNR	Signal-to-noise ratio	Input Frequency = 20 kHz	—	67.4	—	
THD	Total harmonic distortion	Temperature = 25 °C	—	-76.3	—	

(1). Based on characterization, not tested in production.

Table 4-28. ADC dynamic accuracy at f_{ADC} = 40 MHz⁽¹⁾

Symbol	Parameter	Test conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
ENOB	Effective number of bits	f _{ADC} = 40 MHz	—	10	—	bits
SNDR	Signal-to-noise and distortion ratio	V _{DDA} = V _{REF+} = 3.3 V	—	62	—	dB
SNR	Signal-to-noise ratio	Input Frequency = 20 KHz	—	62.2	—	

Symbol	Parameter	Test conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
THD	Total harmonic distortion	Temperature = 25 °C	—	-68.6	—	

(1). Based on characterization, not tested in production.

Table 4-29. ADC static accuracy at $f_{ADC} = 14 \text{ MHz}^{(1)}$

Symbol	Parameter	Test conditions	Typ	Max	Unit
Offset	Offset error	$f_{ADC} = 14\text{MHz}$ $V_{DDA} = V_{REF+} = 3.3 \text{ V}$	± 1	—	LSB
DNL	Differential linearity error		± 0.9	—	
INL	Integral linearity error		± 1	—	

(1). Based on characterization, not tested in production.

4.14. Temperature sensor characteristics

Table 4-30. Temperature sensor characteristics⁽¹⁾

Symbol	Parameter	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
T_L	VSENSE linearity with temperature	—	± 1.5	—	°C
Avg_Slope	Average slope	—	4.1	—	mV/°C
V_{25}	Voltage at 25 °C	—	1.45	—	V
t_{START}	Startup time	—	8	—	μs
$t_{S_temp}^{(2)}$	ADC sampling time when reading the temperature	—	17.1	—	μs

(1). Based on characterization, not tested in production.

(2). Shortest sampling time can be determined in the application by multiple iterations.

4.15. DAC characteristics

Table 4-31. DAC characteristics

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
$V_{DDA}^{(1)}$	Operating voltage	—	2.6	3.3	3.6	V
$V_{REF+}^{(1)}$	Reference supply voltage	V_{REF+} should always below V_{DDA}	2.4	—	V_{DDA}	V
$R_{LOAD}^{(2)}$	Load resistance	Resistive load with buffer ON	5	—	—	kΩ
$R_O^{(2)}$	Impedance output with buffer OFF	—	—	—	15	kΩ
$C_{LOAD}^{(2)}$	Load capacitance	No pin/pad capacitance included	—	—	50	pF
DAC_OUT min ⁽²⁾	Lower DAC_OUT voltage with buffer ON	—	0.2	—	—	V
DAC_OUT max ⁽²⁾	Higher DAC_OUT voltage with buffer ON	—	—	—	$V_{DDA} - 0.2$	V
DAC_OUT min ⁽²⁾	Lower DAC_OUT voltage with buffer OFF	—	—	0.5	—	mV
DAC_OUT max ⁽²⁾	Higher DAC_OUT voltage with buffer OFF	—	—	—	$V_{DDA} - 1\text{LSB}$	V

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
I _{DDA} ⁽¹⁾	DAC current consumption in quiescent mode	With no load, middle code(0x800) on the input, V _{REF+} = 3.6 V	—	470	—	μA
		With no load, worst code(0xF1C) on the input, V _{REF+} = 3.6 V	—	500	—	μA
I _{DDVREF+} ⁽¹⁾	DAC current consumption in quiescent mode	With no load, middle code(0x800) on the input, V _{REF+} = 3.6 V	—	86	—	μA
		With no load, worst code(0xF1C) on the input, V _{REF+} = 3.6 V	—	298	—	μA
DNL ⁽¹⁾	Differential non-linearity error	DAC in 12-bit mode	—	—	±3	LSB
INL ⁽¹⁾	Integral non-linearity	DAC in 12-bit mode	—	—	±4	LSB
Offset ⁽¹⁾	Offset error	DAC in 12-bit mode	—	—	±12	LSB
GE ⁽¹⁾	Gain error	DAC in 12-bit mode	—	—	±0.5	%
T _{setting} ⁽¹⁾	Settling time	C _{LOAD} ≤ 50 pF, R _{LOAD} ≥ 5 kΩ	—	0.3	1	μs
Update rate ⁽²⁾	Max frequency for a correct DAC_OUT change from code i to i±1 LSBs	C _{LOAD} ≤ 50 pF, R _{LOAD} ≥ 5 kΩ	—	—	4	MS/s
PSRR ⁽²⁾	Power supply rejection ratio (to V _{DDA})	—	55	80	—	dB

(1). Based on characterization, not tested in production.

(2). Guaranteed by design, not tested in production.

4.16. I2C characteristics

Table 4-32. I2C characteristics⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Standard mode		Fast mode		Fast mode plus		Unit
			Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	
t _{SCL(H)}	SCL clock high time	—	4.0	—	0.6	—	0.2	—	μs
t _{SCL(L)}	SCL clock low time	—	4.7	—	1.3	—	0.5	—	μs
t _{SU(SDA)}	SDA setup time	—	2	—	0.8	—	0.1	—	μs
t _{H(SDA)}	SDA data hold time	—	250	—	250	—	130	—	ns
t _{r(SDA/SCL)}	SDA and SCL rise time	—	—	1000	20	300	—	120	ns
t _{f(SDA/SCL)}	SDA and SCL fall time	—	4	300	4	300	4	120	ns
t _{H(STA)}	Start condition hold time	—	4.0	—	0.6	—	0.26	—	μs

(1). Guaranteed by design, not tested in production.

(2). Test condition :GPIO_SPEED set 2MHz and external pull-up resistor value is 1k Ω when operate EEPROM with I2C.

4.17. SPI characteristics

Table 4-33. Standard SPI characteristics⁽¹⁾

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
f _{SCK}	SCK clock frequency	—	—	—	30	MHz
t _{SCK(H)}	SCK clock high time	Master mode, f _{PCLKx} = 120 MHz, presc = 8	31.83	33.33	34.83	ns
t _{SCK(L)}	SCK clock low time	Master mode, f _{PCLKx} = 120 MHz, presc = 8	31.83	33.33	34.83	ns
SPI master mode						
t _{V(MO)}	Data output valid time	—	—	5	6	ns
t _{H(MO)}	Data output hold time	—	3	—	—	ns
t _{SU(MI)}	Data input setup time	—	1	—	—	ns
t _{H(MI)}	Data input hold time	—	0	—	—	ns
SPI slave mode						
t _{SU(NSS)}	NSS enable setup time	—	0	—	—	ns
t _{H(NSS)}	NSS enable hold time	—	1	—	—	ns
t _{A(SO)}	Data output access time	—	5	—	9	ns
t _{DIS(SO)}	Data output disable time	—	6	—	10	ns
t _{V(SO)}	Data output valid time	—	—	10	12	ns
t _{H(SO)}	Data output hold time	—	8	—	—	ns
t _{SU(SI)}	Data input setup time	—	0	—	—	ns
t _{H(SI)}	Data input hold time	—	1	—	—	ns

(1). Based on characterization, not tested in production.

4.18. I2S characteristics

Table 4-34. I2S characteristics^{(1) (2)}

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
f _{CK}	Clock frequency	Master mode (data: 16 bits, Audio frequency = 96 kHz)	3.075	3.077	3.079	MHz
		Slave mode	0	—	10	
t _H	Clock high time	—	162	—	—	ns
t _L	Clock low time		163	—	—	ns
t _{V(WS)}	WS valid time	Master mode	0	—	—	ns
t _{H(WS)}	WS hold time	Master mode	0	—	—	ns
t _{SU(WS)}	WS setup time	Slave mode	0	—	—	ns
t _{H(WS)}	WS hold time	Slave mode	2	—	—	ns
DuCy _(SCK)	I2S slave input clock duty	Slave mode	—	50	—	%

	cycle					
$t_{SU(SD_MR)}$	Data input setup time	Master mode	1	—	—	ns
$t_{su(SD_SR)}$	Data input setup time	Slave mode	0	—	—	ns
$t_{H(SD_MR)}$	Data input hold time	Master receiver	0	—	—	ns
$t_{H(SD_SR)}$		Slave receiver	1	—	—	ns
$t_{V(SD_ST)}$	Data output valid time	Slave transmitter (after enable edge)	—	—	12	ns
$t_{h(SD_ST)}$	Data output hold time	Slave transmitter (after enable edge)	7	—	—	ns
$t_{V(SD_MT)}$	Data output valid time	Master transmitter (after enable edge)	—	—	6	ns
$t_{h(SD_MT)}$	Data output hold time	Master transmitter (after enable edge)	2	—	—	ns

(1). Guaranteed by design, not tested in production.

(2). Based on characterization, not tested in production.

4.19. USART characteristics

Table 4-35. USART characteristics⁽¹⁾

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
f_{SCK}	SCK clock frequency	$f_{PCLKx} = 120 \text{ MHz}$	—	—	60	MHz
$t_{SCK(H)}$	SCK clock high time	$f_{PCLKx} = 120 \text{ MHz}$	7.5	—	—	ns
$t_{SCK(L)}$	SCK clock low time	$f_{PCLKx} = 120 \text{ MHz}$	7.5	—	—	ns

(1). Guaranteed by design, not tested in production.

4.20. SDIO characteristics

Table 4-36. SDIO characteristics⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
$f_{PP}^{(3)}$	Clock frequency in data transfer mode	—	0	—	48	MHz
$t_{W(CKL)}^{(3)}$	Clock low time	$f_{pp} = 48 \text{ MHz}$	10.5	11	—	ns
$t_{W(CKH)}^{(3)}$	Clock high time	$f_{pp} = 48 \text{ MHz}$	9.5	10	—	ns
CMD, D inputs (referenced to CK) in MMC and SD HS mode						
$t_{ISU}^{(4)}$	Input setup time HS	$f_{pp} = 48 \text{ MHz}$	4	—	—	ns
$t_{IH}^{(4)}$	Input hold time HS	$f_{pp} = 48 \text{ MHz}$	3	—	—	ns
CMD, D outputs (referenced to CK) in MMC and SD HS mode						
$t_{OV}^{(3)}$	Output valid time HS	$f_{pp} = 48 \text{ MHz}$	—	—	13.8	ns
$t_{OH}^{(3)}$	Output hold time HS	$f_{pp} = 48 \text{ MHz}$	12	—	—	ns
CMD, D inputs (referenced to CK) in SD default mode						
$t_{ISUD}^{(4)}$	Input setup time SD	$f_{pp} = 24 \text{ MHz}$	3	—	—	ns
$t_{IHSD}^{(4)}$	Input hold time SD	$f_{pp} = 24 \text{ MHz}$	3	—	—	ns
CMD, D outputs (referenced to CK) in SD default mode						

$t_{OVD}^{(3)}$	Output valid default time SD	$f_{pp} = 24 \text{ MHz}$	—	2.4	2.8	ns
$t_{OHD}^{(3)}$	Output hold default time SD	$f_{pp} = 24 \text{ MHz}$	0.8	—	—	ns

- (1). CLK timing is measured at 50% of V_{DD} .
- (2). Capacitive load $C_L = 30 \text{ pF}$.
- (3). Based on characterization, not tested in production.
- (4). Guaranteed by design, not tested in production.

4.21. CAN characteristics

Refer to [Table 4-23. I/O port DC characteristics^{\(1\)}](#) for more details on the input/output alternate function characteristics (CANTX and CANRX).

4.22. USB characteristics

Table 4-37. USB start up time

Symbol	Parameter	Max	Unit
$t_{STARTUP}^{(1)}$	USBFS startup time	1	μs

- (1). Guaranteed by design, not tested in production.

Table 4-38. USB DC electrical characteristics

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Unit	
Input levels ⁽¹⁾	V_{DD}	USB operating voltage	—	3	—	3.6	V
	V_{DI}	Differential input sensitivity	I(USBDP, USBDM)	0.2	—	—	V
	V_{CM}	Differential common mode range	Includes V_{DI} range	0.8	—	2.5	
	V_{SE}	Single ended receiver threshold	—	1.3	—	2.0	
Output Levels ⁽²⁾	V_{OL}	Static output level low	R_L of 1.5 k Ω to 3.6 V	—	0.064	0.3	V
	V_{OH}	Static output level high	R_L of 15 k Ω to VSS	2.8	3.3	3.6	

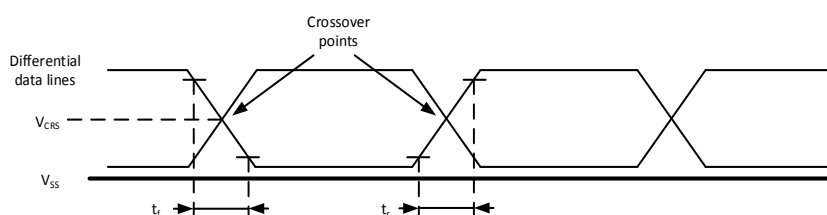
- (1). Guaranteed by design, not tested in production.
- (2). Based on characterization, not tested in production.

Table 4-39. USB full speed-electrical characteristics⁽¹⁾

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
t_R	Rise time	$C_L = 50 \text{ pF}$	4	—	20	ns
t_F	Fall time	$C_L = 50 \text{ pF}$	4	—	20	ns
t_{RFM}	Rise/ fall time matching	t_R/t_F	90	—	110	%
V_{CRS}	Output signal crossover voltage	—	1.3	—	2.0	V

- (1). Guaranteed by design, not tested in production.

Figure 4-2. USB timings: definition of data signal rise and fall time



4.23. EXMC characteristics

Table 4-40. Asynchronous non-multiplexed SRAM/PSRAM/NOR read timings⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾⁽³⁾⁽⁴⁾

Symbol	Parameter	Min	Max	Unit
$t_{w(NE)}$	EXMC_NE low time	40.5	42.5	ns
$t_{v(NOE_NE)}$	EXMC_NEx low to EXMC_NOE low	0	—	ns
$t_{w(NOE)}$	EXMC_NOE low time	40.5	42.5	ns
$t_{h(NE_NOE)}$	EXMC_NOE high to EXMC_NE high hold time	0	—	ns
$t_{v(A_NE)}$	EXMC_NEx low to EXMC_A valid	0	—	ns
$t_{v(BL_NE)}$	EXMC_NEx low to EXMC_BL valid	0	—	ns
$t_{su(DATA_NE)}$	Data to EXMC_NEx high setup time	32.2	—	ns
$t_{su(DATA_NOE)}$	Data to EXMC_NOEx high setup time	32.2	—	ns
$t_{h(DATA_NOE)}$	Data hold time after EXMC_NOE high	0	—	ns
$t_{h(DATA_NE)}$	Data hold time after EXMC_NEx high	0	—	ns
$t_{v(NADV_NE)}$	EXMC_NEx low to EXMC_NADV low	0	—	ns
$t_{w(NADV)}$	EXMC_NADV low time	7.3	9.3	ns

(1). $C_L=30pF$.

(2). Guaranteed by design, not tested in production

(3). Based on characterization, not tested in production.

(4). Based on configure: $f_{HCLK} = 120$ MHz, AddressSetupTime=0, AddressHoldTime=1, DataSetupTime =1.

Table 4-41. Asynchronous non-multiplexed SRAM/PSRAM/NOR write timings⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾⁽³⁾⁽⁴⁾

Symbol	Parameter	Min	Max	Unit
$t_{w(NE)}$	EXMC_NE low time	23.9	25.9	ns
$t_{v(NWE_NE)}$	EXMC_NEx low to EXMC_NWE low	7.3	—	ns
$t_{w(NWE)}$	EXMC_NWE low time	7.3	9.3	ns
$t_{h(NE_NWE)}$	EXMC_NWE high to EXMC_NE high hold time	7.3	9.3	ns
$t_{v(A_NE)}$	EXMC_NEx low to EXMC_A valid	0	—	ns
$t_{v(NADV_NE)}$	EXMC_NEx low to EXMC_NADV low	0	—	ns
$t_{w(NADV)}$	EXMC_NADV low time	7.3	9.3	ns
$t_{h(AD_NADV)}$	EXMC_AD(address) valid hold time after EXMC_NADV high	15.6	—	ns
$t_{h(A_NWE)}$	Address hold time after EXMC_NWE high	7.3	—	ns
$t_{h(BL_NWE)}$	EXMC_BL hold time after EXMC_NWE high	7.3	—	ns
$t_{v(BL_NE)}$	EXMC_NEx low to EXMC_BL valid	0	—	ns
$t_{v(DATA_NADV)}$	EXMC_NADV high to DATA valid	0	—	ns
$t_{h(DATA_NWE)}$	Data hold time after EXMC_NWE high	7.3	—	ns

(1). $C_L=30pF$.

(2). Guaranteed by design, not tested in production.

(3). Based on characterization, not tested in production.

(4). Based on configure: $f_{HCLK} = 120$ MHz, AddressSetupTime=0, AddressHoldTime=1, DataSetupTime =1.

Table 4-42. Asynchronous multiplexed PSRAM/NOR read timings⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾⁽³⁾⁽⁴⁾

Symbol	Parameter	Min	Max	Unit
--------	-----------	-----	-----	------

$t_{w(NE)}$	EXMC_NE low time	57.1	59.1	ns
$t_{v(NOENOE)}$	EXMC_NEx low to EXMC_NOE low	23.9	—	ns
$t_{w(NOE)}$	EXMC_NOE low time	32.2	34.2	ns
$t_{h(NE_NOE)}$	EXMC_NOE high to EXMC_NE high hold time	0	—	ns
$t_{v(A_NE)}$	EXMC_NEx low to EXMC_A valid	0	—	ns
$t_{v(A_NOE)}$	Address hold time after EXMC_NOE high	0	—	ns
$t_{v(BL_NE)}$	EXMC_NEx low to EXMC_BL valid	0	—	ns
$t_{h(BL_NOE)}$	EXMC_BL hold time after EXMC_NOE high	0	—	ns
$t_{su(DATA_NE)}$	Data to EXMC_NEx high setup time	33.2	—	ns
$t_{su(DATA_NOE)}$	Data to EXMC_NOEx high setup time	33.2	—	ns
$t_{h(DATA_NOE)}$	Data hold time after EXMC_NOE high	0	—	ns
$t_{h(DATA_NE)}$	Data hold time after EXMC_NEx high	0	—	ns
$t_{v(NADV_NE)}$	EXMC_NEx low to EXMC_NADV low	0	—	ns
$t_{w(NADV)}$	EXMC_NADV low time	7.3	9.3	ns
$T_{h(AD_NADV)}$	EXMC_AD(address) valid hold time after EXMC_NADV high	7.3	9.3	ns

(1). $C_L=30$ pF.

(2). Guaranteed by design, not tested in production.

(3). Based on characterization, not tested in production.

(4). Based on configure: $f_{HCLK}=120$ MHz, AddressSetupTime=0, AddressHoldTime=1, DataSetupTime =1.

Table 4-43. Asynchronous multiplexed PSRAM/NOR write timings⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾⁽³⁾⁽⁴⁾

Symbol	Parameter	Min	Max	Unit
$t_{w(NE)}$	EXMC_NE low time	40.5	42.5	ns
$t_{v(NWENOE)}$	EXMC_NEx low to EXMC_NWE low	7.3	—	ns
$t_{w(NWE)}$	EXMC_NWE low time	23.9	25.9	ns
$t_{h(NE_NWE)}$	EXMC_NWE high to EXMC_NE high hold time	7.3	—	ns
$t_{v(A_NE)}$	EXMC_NEx low to EXMC_A valid	0	—	ns
$t_{v(NADV_NE)}$	EXMC_NEx low to EXMC_NADV low	0	—	ns
$t_{w(NADV)}$	EXMC_NADV low time	7.3	9.3	ns
$t_{h(AD_NADV)}$	EXMC_AD(address) valid hold time after EXMC_NADV high	7.3	—	ns
$t_{h(A_NWE)}$	Address hold time after EXMC_NWE high	7.3	—	ns
$t_{h(BL_NWE)}$	EXMC_BL hold time after EXMC_NWE high	7.3	—	ns
$t_{v(BL_NE)}$	EXMC_NEx low to EXMC_BL valid	0	—	ns
$t_{v(DATA_NADV)}$	EXMC_NADV high to DATA valid	7.3	—	ns
$t_{h(DATA_NWE)}$	Data hold time after EXMC_NWE high	7.3	—	ns

(1). $C_L=30$ pF.

(2). Guaranteed by design, not tested in production.

(3). Based on characterization, not tested in production.

(4). Based on configure: $f_{HCLK}=120$ MHz, AddressSetupTime=0, AddressHoldTime=1, DataSetupTime =1.

Table 4-44. Synchronous multiplexed PSRAM/NOR read timings⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾⁽³⁾⁽⁴⁾

Symbol	Parameter	Min	Max	Unit
$t_{w(CLK)}$	EXMC_CLK period	33.2	—	ns

$t_d(\text{CLKL-NExL})$	EXMC_CLK low to EXMC_NEx low	0	—	ns
$t_d(\text{CLKH-NExH})$	EXMC_CLK high to EXMC_NEx high	15.6	—	ns
$t_d(\text{CLKL-NADV L})$	EXMC_CLK low to EXMC_NADV low	0	—	ns
$t_d(\text{CLKL-NADV H})$	EXMC_CLK low to EXMC_NADV high	0	—	ns
$t_d(\text{CLKL-AV})$	EXMC_CLK low to EXMC_Ax valid	0	—	ns
$t_d(\text{CLKH-AIV})$	EXMC_CLK high to EXMC_Ax invalid	15.6	—	ns
$t_d(\text{CLKL-NOEL})$	EXMC_CLK low to EXMC_NOE low	0	—	ns
$t_d(\text{CLKH-NOEH})$	EXMC_CLK high to EXMC_NOE high	15.6	—	ns
$t_d(\text{CLKL-ADV})$	EXMC_CLK low to EXMC_AD valid	0	—	ns
$t_d(\text{CLKL-ADIV})$	EXMC_CLK low to EXMC_AD invalid	0	—	ns

(1). $C_L=30$ pF.

(2). Guaranteed by design, not tested in production.

(3). Based on characterization, not tested in production.

(4). Based on configure: $f_{\text{HCLK}} = 120$ MHz, BurstAccessMode = Enable; Memory Type = PSRAM;
WriteBurst = Enable; CLKDivision = 3 (EXMC_CLK is 4 divided by HCLK); Data Latency = 1.

Table 4-45. Synchronous multiplexed PSRAM write timings⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾⁽³⁾⁽⁴⁾

Symbol	Parameter	Min	Max	Unit
$t_w(\text{CLK})$	EXMC_CLK period	33.2	—	ns
$t_d(\text{CLKL-NExL})$	EXMC_CLK low to EXMC_NEx low	0	—	ns
$t_d(\text{CLKH-NExH})$	EXMC_CLK high to EXMC_NEx high	15.6	—	ns
$t_d(\text{CLKL-NADV L})$	EXMC_CLK low to EXMC_NADV low	0	—	ns
$t_d(\text{CLKL-NADV H})$	EXMC_CLK low to EXMC_NADV high	0	—	ns
$t_d(\text{CLKL-AV})$	EXMC_CLK low to EXMC_Ax valid	0	—	ns
$t_d(\text{CLKH-AIV})$	EXMC_CLK high to EXMC_Ax invalid	15.6	—	ns
$t_d(\text{CLKL-NWEL})$	EXMC_CLK low to EXMC_NWE low	0	—	ns
$t_d(\text{CLKH-NWEH})$	EXMC_CLK high to EXMC_NWE high	15.6	—	ns
$t_d(\text{CLKL-ADIV})$	EXMC_CLK low to EXMC_AD invalid	0	—	ns
$t_d(\text{CLKL-DATA})$	EXMC_A/D valid data after EXMC_CLK low	0	—	ns
$t_h(\text{CLKL-NBLH})$	EXMC_CLK low to EXMC_NBL high	0	—	ns

(1). $C_L=30$ pF.

(2). Guaranteed by design, not tested in production.

(3). Based on characterization, not tested in production.

(4). Based on configure: $f_{\text{HCLK}} = 120$ MHz, BurstAccessMode = Enable; MemoryType = PSRAM;
WriteBurst = Enable; CLKDivision = 3 (EXMC_CLK is 4 divided by HCLK); DataLatency = 1.

Table 4-46. Synchronous non-multiplexed PSRAM/NOR read timings⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾⁽³⁾⁽⁴⁾

Symbol	Parameter	Min	Max	Unit
$t_w(\text{CLK})$	EXMC_CLK period	33.2	—	ns
$t_d(\text{CLKL-NExL})$	EXMC_CLK low to EXMC_NEx low	0	—	ns
$t_d(\text{CLKH-NExH})$	EXMC_CLK high to EXMC_NEx high	15.6	—	ns
$t_d(\text{CLKL-NADV L})$	EXMC_CLK low to EXMC_NADV low	0	—	ns
$t_d(\text{CLKL-NADV H})$	EXMC_CLK low to EXMC_NADV high	0	—	ns
$t_d(\text{CLKL-AV})$	EXMC_CLK low to EXMC_Ax valid	0	—	ns
$t_d(\text{CLKH-AIV})$	EXMC_CLK high to EXMC_Ax invalid	15.6	—	ns
$t_d(\text{CLKL-NOEL})$	EXMC_CLK low to EXMC_NOE low	0	—	ns

$t_{d(CLKH-NOEH)}$	EXMC_CLK high to EXMC_NOE high	15.6	—	ns
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(1). $C_L=30$ pF.

(2). Guaranteed by design, not tested in production.

(3). Based on characterization, not tested in production.

(4). Based on configure: $f_{HCLK}=120$ MHz, BurstAccessMode = Enable; MemoryType = PSRAM; WriteBurst = Enable; CLKDivision = 3(EXMC_CLK is 4 divided by HCLK); DataLatency = 1.

Table 4-47. Synchronous non-multiplexed PSRAM write timings⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾⁽³⁾⁽⁴⁾

Symbol	Parameter	Min	Max	Unit
$t_{w(CLK)}$	EXMC_CLK period	33.2	—	ns
$t_{d(CLKL-NExL)}$	EXMC_CLK low to EXMC_NEx low	0	—	ns
$t_{d(CLKH-NExH)}$	EXMC_CLK high to EXMC_NEx high	15.6	—	ns
$t_{d(CLKL-NADVl)}$	EXMC_CLK low to EXMC_NADV low	0	—	ns
$t_{d(CLKL-NADVh)}$	EXMC_CLK low to EXMC_NADV high	0	—	ns
$t_{d(CLKL-AV)}$	EXMC_CLK low to EXMC_Ax valid	0	—	ns
$t_{d(CLKH-AIV)}$	EXMC_CLK high to EXMC_Ax invalid	15.6	—	ns
$t_{d(CLKL-NWEL)}$	EXMC_CLK low to EXMC_NWE low	0	—	ns
$t_{d(CLKH-NWEH)}$	EXMC_CLK high to EXMC_NWE high	15.6	—	ns
$t_{d(CLKL-DATA)}$	EXMC_A/D valid data after EXMC_CLK low	0	—	ns
$t_{h(CLKL-NBLH)}$	EXMC_CLK low to EXMC_NBL high	0	—	ns

(1). $C_L=30$ pF.

(2). Guaranteed by design, not tested in production.

(3). Based on characterization, not tested in production.

(4). Based on configure: $f_{HCLK}=120$ MHz, BurstAccessMode = Enable; MemoryType = PSRAM; WriteBurst = Enable; CLKDivision = 3 (EXMC_CLK is 4 divided by HCLK); DataLatency = 1.

4.24. TIMER characteristics

Table 4-48. TIMER characteristics⁽¹⁾

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Max	Unit
t_{res}	Timer resolution time	—	1	—	$t_{TIMERxCLK}$
		$f_{TIMERxCLK} = 120$ MHz	8.4	—	ns
f_{EXT}	Timer external clock frequency	—	0	$f_{TIMERxCLK}/2$	MHz
		$f_{TIMERxCLK} = 120$ MHz	0	60	MHz
RES	Timer resolution	—	—	16	bit
$t_{COUNTER}$	16-bit counter clock period when internal clock is selected	—	1	65536	$t_{TIMERxCLK}$
		$f_{TIMERxCLK} = 120$ MHz	0.0084	546	μ s
t_{MAX_COUNT}	Maximum possible count	—	—	65536x65536	$t_{TIMERxCLK}$
		$f_{TIMERxCLK} = 120$ MHz	—	35.7	s

(1). Guaranteed by design, not tested in production.

4.25. WDGT characteristics

Table 4-49. FWDGT min/max timeout period at 40 kHz (IRC40K) ⁽¹⁾

Prescaler divider	PR[2:0] bits	Min timeout RLD[11:0] = 0x000	Max timeout RLD[11:0] = 0xFF	Unit
1/4	000	0.1	409.6	ms
1/8	001	0.2	819.2	
1/16	010	0.4	1638.4	
1/32	011	0.8	3276.8	
1/64	100	1.6	6553.6	
1/128	101	3.2	13107.2	
1/256	110 or 111	6.4	26214.4	

(1). Guaranteed by design, not tested in production.

Table 4-50. WWDGT min-max timeout value at 60 MHz (f_{PCLK1}) ⁽¹⁾

Prescaler divider	PSC[2:0]	Min timeout value CNT[6:0] = 0x40	Unit	Max timeout value CNT[6:0] = 0x7F	Unit
1/1	00	68.27	μs	4.37	ms
1/2	01	136.53		8.74	
1/4	10	273.07		17.48	
1/8	11	546.13		34.96	

(1). Guaranteed by design, not tested in production.

4.26. Parameter conditions

- Unless otherwise specified, all values given for $V_{DD} = V_{DDA} = 3.3V$, $T_A = 25^{\circ}C$.

5. Package information

5.1. LQFP package outline dimensions

Figure 5-1. LQFP package outline

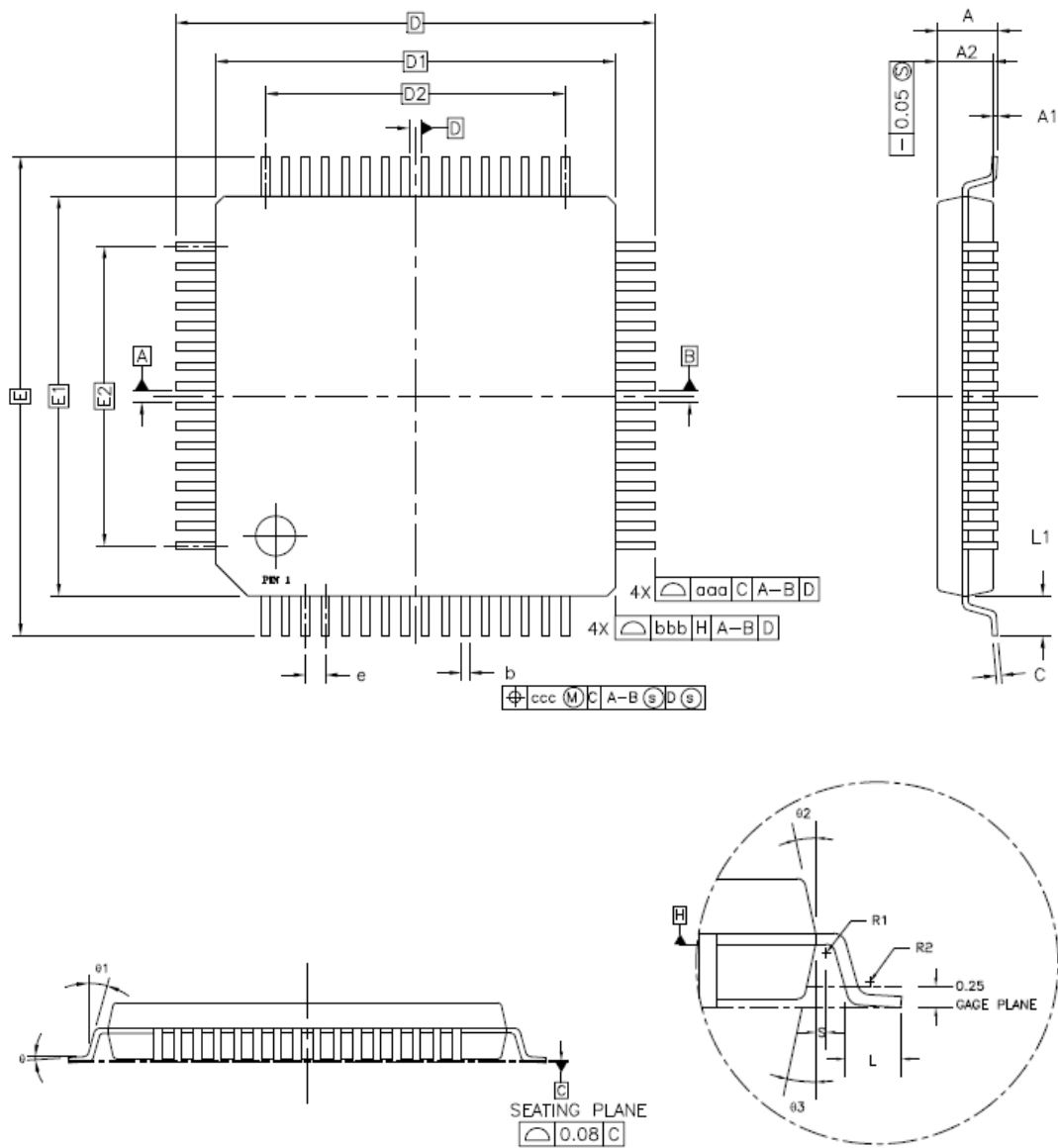


Table 5-1. LQFP package dimensions

Symbol	LQFP48			LQFP64			LQFP100			LQFP144		
	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max
A	1.20	-	1.60	-	-	1.60	-	-	1.60	-	-	1.60
A1	0.05	-	0.15	0.05	-	0.15	0.05	-	0.15	0.05	-	0.15
A2	1.35	1.40	1.45	1.35	1.40	1.45	1.35	1.40	1.45	1.35	1.40	1.45
D	-	9.00	-	-	12.00	-	-	16.00	-	-	22.00	-
D1	-	7.00	-	-	10.00	-	-	14.00	-	-	20.00	-
E	-	9.00	-	-	12.00	-	-	16.00	-	-	22.00	-
E1	-	7.00	-	-	10.00	-	-	14.00	-	-	20.00	-
R1	0.08	-	-	0.08	-	-	0.08	-	-	0.08	-	-
R2	0.08	-	0.20	0.08	-	0.20	0.08	-	0.20	0.08	-	0.20
θ	0°	3.5°	7°	0°	3.5°	7°	0°	3.5°	7°	0°	3.5°	7°
θ_1	0°	-	-	0°	-	-	0°	-	-	0°	-	-
θ_2	11°	12°	13°	11°	12°	13°	11°	12°	13°	11°	12°	13°
θ_3	11°	12°	13°	11°	12°	13°	11°	12°	13°	11°	12°	13°
c	0.09	-	0.20	0.09	-	0.20	0.09	-	0.20	0.09	-	0.20
L	0.45	0.60	0.75	0.45	0.60	0.75	0.45	0.60	0.75	0.45	0.60	0.75
L1	-	1.00	-	-	1.00	-	-	1.00	-	-	1.00	-
S	0.20	-	-	0.20	-	-	0.20	-	-	0.20	-	-
b	0.17	0.22	0.27	0.17	0.20	0.27	0.17	0.20	0.27	0.17	0.20	0.27
e	-	0.50	-	-	0.50	-	-	0.50	-	-	0.50	-
D2	-	5.50	-	-	7.50	-	-	12.00	-	-	17.50	-
E2	-	5.50	-	-	7.50	-	-	12.00	-	-	17.50	-
aaa	0.20			0.20			0.20			0.20		
bbb	0.20			0.20			0.20			0.20		
ccc	0.08			0.08			0.08			0.08		

(Original dimensions are in millimeters)

6. Ordering information

Table 6-1. Part ordering code for GD32F303xx devices

Ordering code	Flash (KB)	Package	Package type	Temperature operating range
GD32F303CCT6	256	LQFP48	Green	Industrial -40°C to +85°C
GD32F303CET6	512	LQFP48	Green	Industrial -40°C to +85°C
GD32F303CGT6	1024	LQFP48	Green	Industrial -40°C to +85°C
GD32F303RCT6	256	LQFP64	Green	Industrial -40°C to +85°C
GD32F303RET6	512	LQFP64	Green	Industrial -40°C to +85°C
GD32F303RGT6	1024	LQFP64	Green	Industrial -40°C to +85°C
GD32F303RIT6	2048	LQFP64	Green	Industrial -40°C to +85°C
GD32F303RKT6	3072	LQFP64	Green	Industrial -40°C to +85°C
GD32F303VCT6	256	LQFP100	Green	Industrial -40°C to +85°C
GD32F303VET6	512	LQFP100	Green	Industrial -40°C to +85°C
GD32F303VET7	512	LQFP100	Green	Industrial -40°C to +105°C
GD32F303VGT6	1024	LQFP100	Green	Industrial -40°C to +85°C
GD32F303VIT6	2048	LQFP100	Green	Industrial -40°C to +85°C
GD32F303VKT6	3072	LQFP100	Green	Industrial -40°C to +85°C
GD32F303ZCT6	256	LQFP144	Green	Industrial -40°C to +85°C
GD32F303ZET6	512	LQFP144	Green	Industrial -40°C to +85°C
GD32F303ZGT6	1024	LQFP144	Green	Industrial -40°C to +85°C
GD32F303ZIT6	2048	LQFP144	Green	Industrial -40°C to +85°C

Ordering code	Flash (KB)	Package	Package type	Temperature operating range
GD32F303ZKT6	3072	LQFP144	Green	Industrial -40°C to +85°C

Table 6-2. Part ordering code for GD32F303xx devices (Cont.)

Ordering code	Flash (KB)	Package	Package type	Temperature operating range
GD32F303CCT5	256	LQFP48	Green	Commercial -20°C to +85°C
GD32F303CET5	512	LQFP48	Green	Commercial -20°C to +85°C
GD32F303CGT5	1024	LQFP48	Green	Commercial -20°C to +85°C
GD32F303RCT5	256	LQFP64	Green	Commercial -20°C to +85°C
GD32F303RET5	512	LQFP64	Green	Commercial -20°C to +85°C
GD32F303RGT5	1024	LQFP64	Green	Commercial -20°C to +85°C
GD32F303RIT5	2048	LQFP64	Green	Commercial -20°C to +85°C
GD32F303RKT5	3072	LQFP64	Green	Commercial -20°C to +85°C
GD32F303VCT5	256	LQFP100	Green	Commercial -20°C to +85°C
GD32F303VET5	512	LQFP100	Green	Commercial -20°C to +85°C
GD32F303VGT5	1024	LQFP100	Green	Commercial -20°C to +85°C
GD32F303VIT5	2048	LQFP100	Green	Commercial -20°C to +85°C
GD32F303VKT5	3072	LQFP100	Green	Commercial -20°C to +85°C
GD32F303ZCT5	256	LQFP144	Green	Commercial -20°C to +85°C
GD32F303ZET5	512	LQFP144	Green	Commercial -20°C to +85°C
GD32F303ZGT5	1024	LQFP144	Green	Commercial -20°C to +85°C
GD32F303ZIT5	2048	LQFP144	Green	Commercial -20°C to +85°C
GD32F303ZKT5	3072	LQFP144	Green	Commercial -20°C to +85°C

7. Revision history

Table 7-1. Revision history

Revision No.	Description	Date
1.0	Initial release	Mar.25, 2017
1.1	Characteristics values updated	Dec.11, 2017
1.2	Repair history accumulation error	Jan.24, 2018
1.3	Repair history accumulation error	Dec.16, 2018
1.4	add temperature sensor characteristics	Jun.10, 2019

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